

Serving the Henderson community for 75 years! What will the next 75 years bring?



Henderson Libraries staff at Staff Renewal Day 2019

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

HENDERSON DISTRICT PUBLIC LIBRARIES, NEVADA

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019



Report Prepared By:
Debra M. Englund
Chief Financial Officer
Henderson District Public Libraries
280 South Green Valley Parkway
Henderson, Nevada 89012

HENDERSON DISTRICT PUBLIC LIBRARIES, NEVADA

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

TABLE OF CONTENTS

INTRODUCTORY SECTION:	Page
Letter of Transmittal	1
Library Officials	5
Organizational Chart	
Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting	7
FINANCIAL SECTION:	
Independent Auditor's Report	9
Management's Discussion and Analysis	11
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-Wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	21
Statement of Activities	22
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	23
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds to the	
Government-Wide Statement of Net Position	24
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances –	
Governmental Funds	25
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes	
in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds to the Government-Wide	
Statement of Activities	26
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance –	
Budget and Actual – General Fund	27
Notes to the Financial Statements	28
Required Supplementary Information:	
Multi-Employer Cost-Sharing Defined Benefit Pension Plan Proportionate	
Share of the Collective Net Pension Liability Information	57
Multi-Employer Cost-Sharing Defined Benefit Pension Plan Proportionate	
Share of the Schedule of Statutorily Required Contribution Information	58
Schedule of Changes in the Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios – RHPP	
Schedule of Changes in the Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios – PEPB	
Schedule of OPEB Contributions – RHPP	
Schedule of OPEB Contributions – PEBP	62
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	63

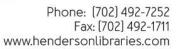
HENDERSON DISTRICT PUBLIC LIBRARIES, NEVADA

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

TABLE OF CONTENTS (continued)

Individual Fund Financial Statements and Schedules:		Page
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance –		
Budget and Actual – Capital Construction Fund – Major Fund		65
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance –		
Budget and Actual – Constributions and Grants Fund – Nonmajor	r Fund	66
STATISTICAL SECTION:	Table	Page
Financial Trends:		
Net Position by Components	1	67
Changes in Net Position		
Fund Balances, Governmental Funds		
Changes in Fund Balance, Governmental Funds	4	70
Revenue Capacity:		
Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property	5	71
Ad Valorem Property Tax Rates - Direct and Overlapping Governments	6	72
Principal Property Taxpayers	7	73
Ad Valorem Property Tax Levies and Collections	8	74
Debt Capacity:		
Ratios of Outstanding Debt	9	75
Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt	10	76
Debt Limit Information	11	77
Demographic and Economic Information:		
Demographic and Economic Information	12	78
Principal Employers	13	79
Operating Information:		
Full-Time Equivalent Employees by Function	14	80
Library Materials and Circulation Summary	15	81
Circulation by Location	16	82
Service Location Information	17	83
Percentage of General Fund Operating Expenditures Spent on		
Library Books and Materials	18	84
COMPLIANCE SECTION:		
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting		
and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial		
Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standar	ds	85
Independent Auditor's Report on State Legal Compliance		



HENDERSON LIBRARIES

280 S. Green Valley Parkway Henderson, NV 89012

November 6, 2019

To the Board of Trustees and the Citizens of the Henderson District Public Libraries:

We are pleased to present Henderson District Public Libraries' Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. This report contains the financial statements and other financial information and statistical data that provide complete and full disclosure of all material aspects of the Henderson District Public Libraries (the District). The financial statements in this CAFR conform to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applicable to governmental entities.

Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal controls that has been established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The District's financial statements have been audited by HintonBurdick CPAs & Advisors, a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the District's financial statements for fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The District's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

Profile of Henderson District Public Libraries

The District's history begins in 1943 when a petition was formed to create the Henderson School Public Library. The petition was approved by the Board of County Commissioners, Clark County, Nevada on January 22, 1944, with a rate of ten cents for ad valorem property taxes per annum fixed for the expenses. In an attempt to overhaul educational laws, the Henderson School Public Library became a county library district in 1956 during a special session of the Nevada Legislature. At that time, statutes providing for public libraries based on school district boundaries were replaced and county library districts were automatically established with identical boundaries. Since that time, library district boundaries have been adjusted three times. The latest adjustment, in April 2005, made the library district boundaries contiguous with the City of Henderson boundaries.

The District was established and operates as an independent governmental unit under authority of NRS 379. The District is governed by a seven-member Board of Trustees. Five trustees are appointed to four-year terms by the Board of County Commissioners of Clark County, Nevada. The remaining two trustees are appointed to three-year terms by the City of Henderson Council. The Board of Trustees is responsible for establishing policy and for the overall operations of the District.

The mission of the District is to imagine possiblities, discover opportunities and connect with our community. This mission is achieved through the operation of three full service libraries and one limited service library located throughout the city.

The District is required to adopt a final budget on or before June 1st of each year. This annual budget serves as the foundation for the District's financial planning and control. The budget is prepared by fund and function but management is authorized to transfer resources between functions or funds if the amounts do not exceed total appropriations for the year and the Board of Trustees is notified at the next regular meeting.

Factors Affecting Financial Conditions

Local Economy - According to UNLV's Center for Business and Economic Research (CBER), Clark County experienced mixed signals in its local economic activity. Seasonally adjusted employment added 100 new jobs from March to April. The unemployment rate ticked down to 4.2% in April, its lowest level since the Great Recession. Total McCarran Airport passengers increased by 2.3% from last year. March taxable sales and gasoline sales experienced year-over-year gains by 5.9% and 2.4%, respectively. Residential housing permits/units rose strongly by 17.9% year-over-year. However, April visitor volume declined slightly by .03% year-over-year, reflecting a 6.1% loss in convention attendance. Gaming revenue also decreased by 2.0% during the same period.

Long-term Financial Planning

Long range financial planning is vital in prioritizing implementation of strategic plan initiatives as well as capital needs of the District. State projections indicate increased property tax valuations will continue in 2020 and beyond. However, property tax revenues will be slow to recover to pre-recession levels due to the property tax limits in place. Management strives to balance increasing expenditures with the restricted revenue flow. A 5-year projection model is used to aid management in determining short-term budgeting for operations and prioritizing long term capital needs.

Through conservative and sound stewardship of resources, the District has managed to maintain a higher ending fund balance, higher than the 5% - 10% ratio of ending fund balance to general fund expenditures, which is considered a healthy financial cushion. Over the next several years, the District will use a portion of this excess surplus to fund projects identified in the District's recently updated Capital Improvement Plan.

Major Initiatives - In fiscal year 2019, Henderson Libraries developed our new five-year strategic plan. The planning and preparation for this project included comprehensive community assessments and an organizational assessment. From the findings of these assessments, the District's leadership team developed market, organizational, and partnership strategies to meet community needs, strengthen our organization, and leverage resources with partners for greater community impact.

Henderson Libraries partnered with Nevada Partnership for Homeless Youth to identify our three main library locations as "Safe Place" sites. Through this partnership, youth in need are able to come into the library to be easily connected with the services they need.

During the second half of FY2019 Henderson Libraries began our 75th anniversary celebrations. In an effort to connect with our residents and showcase the library as a valuable community resource, we held various celebratory events. In February, we partnered with various organizations including the Las Vegas Raiders, the Sunset Garden Club, and Freeds Bakery (among others) to host a birthday block party at our Paseo Verde Library. Then, in May, our Green Valley Library welcomed community members of all ages to mix and mingle at our Dancing through the Decades Library Prom. The events continued into FY20, as we've been spending all of 2019 celebrating this milestone.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the District for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. This was the nineteenth consecutive year that the District has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement program requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The report preparation of the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report on a timely basis could not have been accomplished without the efficient and dedicated services of the entire management staff, Finance Department staff and the staff of the independent auditors for the District, HintonBurdick CPAs & Advisors.

Thank you, the Board of Trustees, for your continued interest and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the Henderson District Public Libraries in a responsible and progressive manner.

Cordially,

Marcie L. Smedley Executive Director

marciefmedley

Debra M. Englund Chief Financial Officer

Debra England

Library Officials

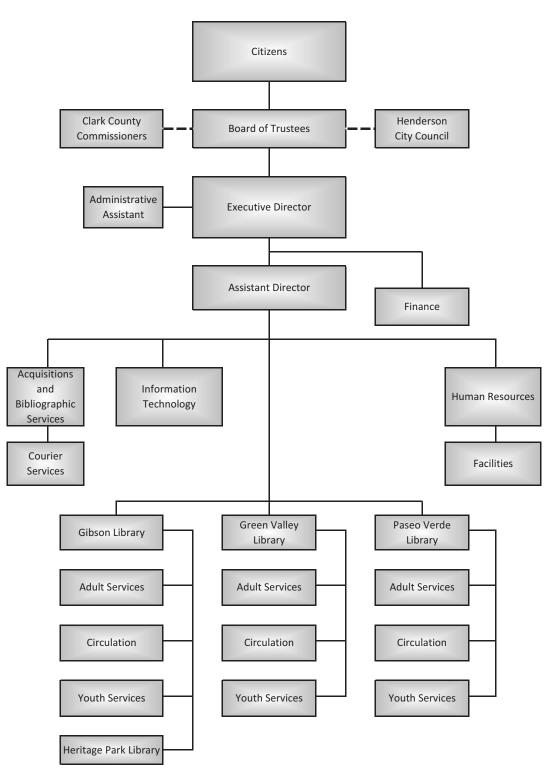
Board of Trustees

Mark McGinty	Chair
David Ortlipp	Vice Chair
Kip Noschese	Secretary
Angela Brommel	Trustee
Dan Doherty	Trustee
James Frey	Trustee
Bette Silverman	Trustee

Administrative Staff

Marcie L. Smedley	Executive Director
Gayle M. Hornaday	Assistant Director
Debra M. Englund	Finance/Human Resources
Sean M. Hill	Information Technology
Michelle L. Mazzanti	Acquisitions & Bibliographic Services

Organizational Chart As of June 30, 2019





Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

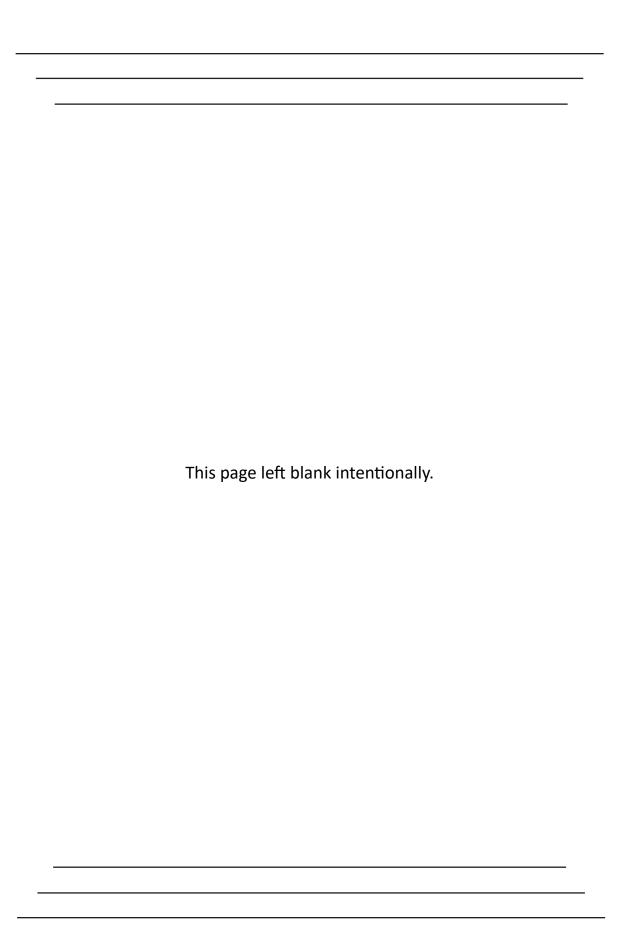
Henderson District Public Libraries Nevada

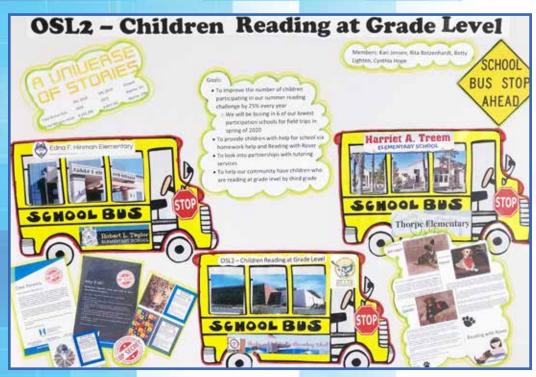
For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2018

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO





OSL2 - Children Reading at Grade Level: Staff members on this initiative committee aim to improve reading skills in children through programming and community partnerships.



Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Trustees Henderson District Public Libraries Henderson, Nevada

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Henderson District Public Libraries, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Henderson District Public Libraries, as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and the proportionate share of the net pension liability, contributions, schedules related to other post-employment benefits, and notes to required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Henderson District Public Libraries' basic financial statements. The introductory section, individual fund financial statements and schedules, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The individual fund financial statements and schedules, as listed in the table of contents, are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the individual fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 6, 2019, on our consideration of Henderson District Public Libraries' internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Henderson District Public Libraries' internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

HintonBurdick, PLLC
HintonBurdick, PLLC
Mesquite, Nevada
November 6, 2019



Henderson District Public Libraries' (the District) discussion and analysis is designed to, (a) assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues, (b) provide an overview of the District's financial activities, (c) identify changes in the District's financial position (its ability to address the next and subsequent years' challenges), (d) identify any material deviations from the financial plan (the approved budget), and (e) identify individual fund issues or concerns.

We encourage readers to read this information in conjunction with the transmittal letter, financial statements and notes to gain a more complete picture of the information presented.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of the District exceeded its liabilities at June 30, 2019 by \$10,836,568 (net position).
- The District's total net position increased by \$145,063. See the section on Government-Wide Financial Analysis for details.
- At the end of fiscal year 2019, the District's governmental funds had combined fund balances of \$6,519,300, an increase of \$982,640 from the previous year. Approximately .9%, or \$61,553, of ending fund balances is nonspendable, 4.1%, or \$266,148, is restricted for a specific purpose by external sources, 41.7%, or \$2,714,983, is assigned by management for a specific purpose, and 53.3%, or \$3,476,616, is available for spending at the District's discretion.
- As of June 30, 2019, fund balance in the General Fund, excluding nonspendable fund balance, was \$4,138,616 or 53.5% of General Fund expenditures.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The District's basic financial statements are comprised of government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements and notes to the financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position combines and consolidates all of the District's current financial resources (short-term spendable resources) with capital assets and long-term obligations using the accrual basis of accounting. The end result is net position that is segregated into three components: net investment in capital assets, restricted by grants and donors, and unrestricted net position. Over time, increases and decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported when the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

Both of the government-wide financial statements present the governmental activities of the District, which are principally supported by ad valorem property taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 21-22 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a self-balancing set of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses fund accounting to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid in financial management. The District uses only the governmental fund category.

Governmental funds – Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements use the modified accrual basis of accounting, which focuses on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains three individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance for the General Fund and the Capital Construction Fund, which are considered major funds, and the Contributions and Grants Fund, which is considered a nonmajor fund.

The District adopts an annual appropriated budget for all its governmental funds. Budgetary comparisons for all funds have been provided as a component of the basic finanacial stements to demonstrate compliance with these budgets.

The fund financial statements can be found on pages 23-27 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes can be found on pages 28-56 of this report.

Other Information

Required supplemental information can be found on pages 57-63 of this report. Individual fund schedules can be found on pages 65-66 of this report.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, assets exceed liabilities by \$10,836,568 at June 30, 2019.

HDPL's Net Position

	Governmental Activities			
	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>		
Assets:				
Current and other assets	\$ 7,119,989	\$ 6,093,874		
Capital assets	14,840,342	15,455,328		
Total assets	21,960,331	21,549,202		
Deferred outflow of resources related to pensions	1,438,708	1,257,532		
Deferred outflow of resources related to OPEB	5,734	6,355		
	1,444,442	1,263,887		
Liabilities:				
Current liabilities	527,923	489,931		
Long-term liabilities	9,470,012	10,460,566		
Total liabilities	9,997,935	10,950,497		
Deferred inflow of resources related to pensions	557,705	681,041		
Deferred inflow of resources related to OPEB	2,012,565	490,046		
	2,570,270	1,171,087		
Net position:				
Net investment in capital assets	14,840,342	15,455,328		
Restricted by grants and donors	266,148	241,524		
Unrestricted	(4,269,922)	(5,005,347)		
Total net position	\$ 10,836,568	\$ 10,691,505		

The largest portion of the District's net position reflects its investment in capital assets less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. Capital assets consist of land, buildings, equipment, furniture, land improvements, library materials, and vehicles. These assets are used to provide services to the patrons of the District and are not available for future spending. The net investment in capital assets amount exceeds total net position due to a negative unrestricted net position amount unrelated to capital assets.

An additional portion of the District's net position reflects resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining deficit balance of \$4,269,922 is unrestricted net position.

There was a decrease of \$614,986 in net investments in capital assets. This decrease was primarily due to the depreciation of existing assets. See discussion on Capital Assets below for further explanations.

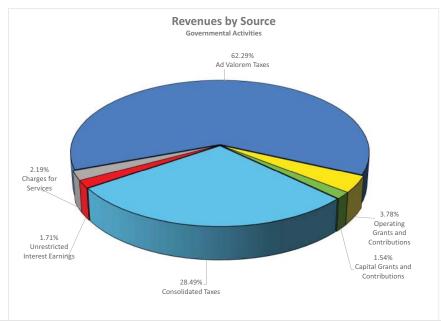
Governmental Activities

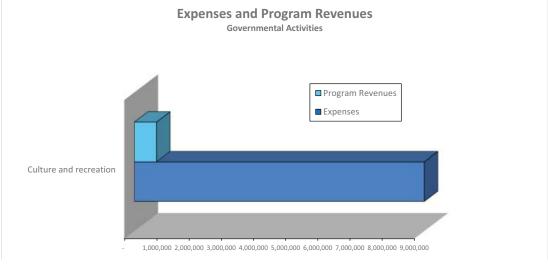
Governmental activities increased the District's net position by \$145,063, or 1.4%, during the current fiscal year. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

HDPL's Changes in Net Position

	Governmental Activities		
	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	
Revenues:			
Program Revenues			
Charges for services	\$ 200,431	\$ 200,238	
Operating grants and contributions	345,810	205,940	
Capital grants and contributions	140,862	216,591	
General Revenues			
Ad valorem taxes	5,695,131	5,265,797	
Consolidated taxes	2,605,464	2,438,874	
Unrestricted investment earnings	156,530	61,676	
Galn on disposal of capital assets		17,946	
Total revenues	9,144,228	8,407,062	
Expenses:			
Culture and recreation	8,999,165	8,840,297	
Total expenses	8,999,165	8,840,297	
Increase/(decrease) in net position	145,063	(433,235)	
Net position, beginning of year	10,691,505	11,124,740	
Net position, end of year	\$ 10,836,568	\$ 10,691,505	

- Operating grants and contributions increased by \$139,870, or 67.9%. This change is due to normal variations in the types of grants received by the District.
- Ad valorem property taxes increased by \$429,334 or 8.2%, while consolidated taxes increased by \$166,590, or 6.8%. The increase in ad valorem property taxes is due to an increase in assessed value and new property coming onto the tax rolls, which is a byproduct of the continued growth in the local economy. The increase in consolidated taxes is also due to the continued growth in the local economy.
- Culture and recreation expenses increased by \$158,868 or 1.8%, over the last fiscal year. This change can be primarily attributed to an increase in salaries and benefits.





Fund Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to better ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of expendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requrements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at fiscal year end.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$6,519,300, an increase of \$982,640 from fiscal year 2018. Of the 2019 ending fund balances, \$3,476,616 or 53.3%, constitutes unassigned fund balance and is available for spending at the District's discretion; \$2,714,983, or 41.7%, is assigned by management for specific purposes; \$266,148, or 4.1%, is restricted by external sources; and \$61,553, or 0.9%, is nonspendable.

General Fund

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the District. At the end of fiscal year 2019, the General Fund had an ending fund balance of \$4,200,169, of which \$3,476,616 was unassigned, \$662,000 is assigned for use in next year's operations, and \$61,553 is nonspendable.

The General Fund's fund balance increased by \$358,367 during the current fiscal year. This increase in fund balance is primarily due to increases in ad valorem and consolidated taxes, offset by increases in salaries and benefits.

Capital Construction Fund

The Capital Construction Fund had a fund balance of \$1,912,152, an increase of \$535,454 from the previous fiscal year. The primary reason for this increase was a transfer of \$500,000 into the Capital Construction Fund for future capital improvement plans.

Non-major Funds

The remaining non-major fund, the Contributions and Grants Fund, has a fund balance of \$406,979. This is an increase of \$88,819 from the prior year, primarily due to increased contributions.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The original fiscal year 2019 budget was approved May 24, 2018. State regulations require budget controls to be exercised at the function level. Although function-level control is what is required, the District management exercises control at the object level.

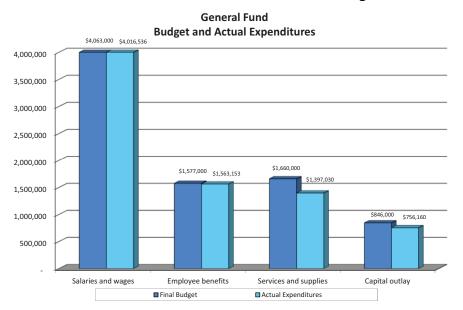
Pursuant to NRS 354.598005(5), the District may transfer appropriations between functions, if such a transfer does not increase the total appropriations for any fiscal year and is not in conflict with other statutory provisions. The District did not do such an amendment to the General Fund in fiscal year 2019; therefore, the original budget is also the final budget for the General Fund.

The final budget projected ad valorem property taxes and consolidated tax, which account for 97.2% of the General Fund's total revenue, to be \$5,550,395 and \$2,490,435 respectively. Ad valorem property tax revenue came in at \$5,689,648, a positive variance of \$139,253, or 2.5%. Consolidated tax revenues came in at \$2,605,494, a positive variance of \$115,029 or 4.6%.

Actual expenditures were 94.9% of appropriations, or \$413,121 lower than the final budget. The main areas of savings are summarized below:

- Salaries and wages were \$46,464 below the final budget. This was due to savings associated with vacant positions.
- Employee benefits were \$13,847 below the final budget. This was also due to vacancy savings.
- Services and supplies were \$262,970 below the final budget. This was due to conservative spending practices.
- Capital outlay was \$89,840 below the final budget. This was due to normal variations in library material purchasing.

The following table illustrates the total differences between the final budget and actual expenditures.



Additional information on the District's general fund budget can be found on pages 27 and 36-37 of this report.

Capital Assets

At June 30, 2019, the District had \$14,840,342 invested in capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes buildings, equipment, land, land improvements, library materials, and vehicles. This amount represents a net decrease of \$614,986, or 4.0%, from last year. The following table reflects capital assets of the District at June 30, 2019 and 2018.

HDPL's Capital Assets (net of depreciation)

June 30, 2019	<u>Ju</u>	ne 30, 2018
5 10,528,560	\$	11,126,511
484,005		519,564
1,406,051		1,406,051
299,956		329,951
2,121,770		2,071,672
-		1,579
14,840,342	\$	15,455,328
	10,528,560 484,005 1,406,051 299,956 2,121,770	10,528,560 \$ 484,005 1,406,051 299,956 2,121,770

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year include the following:

- The District capitalized library materials at a cost of \$1,024,142, including donated materials totaling \$121,672.
- Depreciation expense for the fiscal year was \$1,666,991.

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 5 of the financial statements.

Long-term Debt

Per NRS 379.0225, the debt limitation for the District is equal to 10 percent of the total assessed value of all taxable property. The debt limitation currently applicable to June 30, 2019 is \$1,371,263,776. At the end of the current fiscal year, the District does not have any general obligation bonded debt subject to this legal debt margin.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets

- The unemployment rate for Clark County has increased slightly and is currently 4.8%, which is up 0.1% from last year. The United States national average unemployment rate is 3.8% and the State's average unemployment rate is 4.5%.
- Businesses within Clark County reported taxable sales of \$4.121 billion, a 7.4% increase from the previous year.
- Property within the District's assessment district raised in value to \$13,712,637,755, an increase of \$796,669,648 or 6.7%.

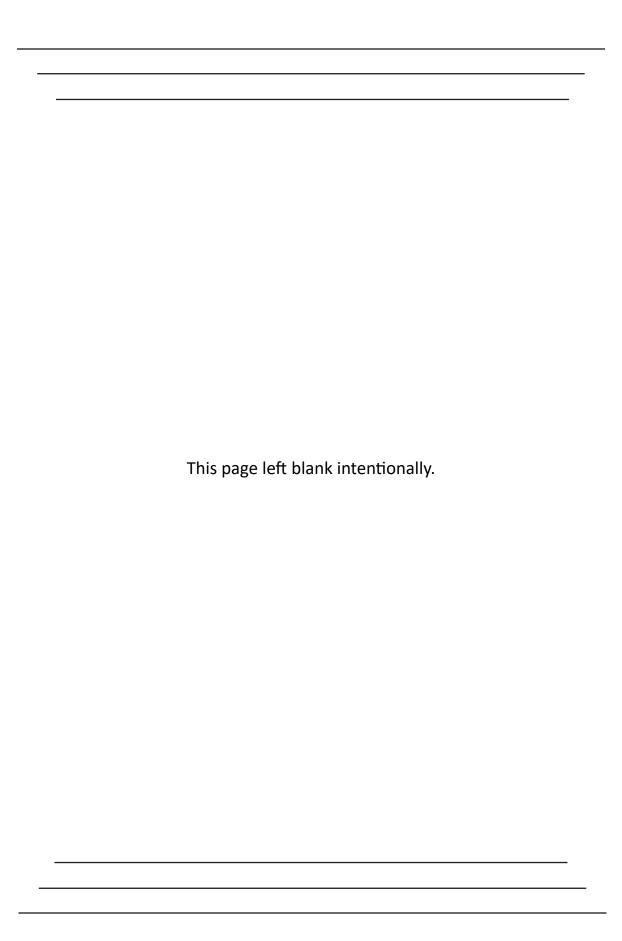
These factors were considered in preparing the District's budget for fiscal year 2020.

The fund balance in the General Fund increased by 9.3% to \$4,200,169 from the prior year. This amount is \$945,169 higher than the final budgeted ending fund balance for the 2018 fiscal year.

The District assigned \$662,000 of this fund balance to eliminate a projected budgetary deficit in the fiscal year 2020 budget.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide its users with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. Any questions, comments or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the District's Finance Department at 280 South Green Valley Parkway, Henderson, Nevada 89012.





Serving a Diverse Community

CC1: Cultural Connections

•Foster partnerships with cultural organizations focused on ethnicity and performance.

Promote the library's collection and resources.

•Enrich the lives of our community through information, education and recreation.

•Develop partnerships with LGBTQ organizations and community to promote the Rainbow Connection Programs and Collection.

Owner - Rachelle Basso Assistant Owner - Cristi Burroughs Team Members -

Veka Grinstead Bethany Schnapp, Christina Terriquez Mentor - Candace Kingsley



WE WELCOME

RACES AND ETHNICITIES
RELIGIONS
COUNTRIES OF ORIGIN
GENDER IDENTITIES
SEXUAL ORIENTATIONS

SEXUAL ORIENTATIONS
ABILITIES AND DISABILITIES
SPOKEN LANGUAGES
AGES

WE STAND HERE WITH YOU YOU ARE SAFE HERE

CS1: Cultural Connections: This team fosters partnerships with cultural organizations, enriches the community and develops partnerships with LGBTQ organizations and community to promote Henderson Libraries' Rainbow Connection Programs and Collection.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2019

		ernmental <u>ctivities</u>
ASSETS		
Cash and investments	\$	6,493,568
Accounts receivable		10,833
Interest receivable		12,788
Due from other governments		541,247
Prepaids		61,553
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation, where applicable):		
Land		1,406,051
Property and equipment		11,312,521
Library books and materials		2,121,770
Total Assets		21,960,331
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions		1,438,708
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB		5,734
Total deferred outflows of resources		1,444,442
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable		285,326
Accrued payroll		191,978
Unearned revenue		50,619
Non-current liabilities:		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Portion due or payable within one year:		
Compensated absences		441,961
Portion due or payable after one year:		/
Compensated absences		260,908
Other postemployment benefit liabilities		2,139,788
Net pension liability		6,627,355
Total Liabilities		9,997,935
		2,221,222
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions		557,705
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB		2,012,565
Total deferred inflows of resources		2,570,270
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets		14,840,342
Restricted by grants and donors		266,148
Unrestricted (deficit)		(4,269,922)
Total net position	Ś	10,836,568
rotal fiet position	٧	10,030,300

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

				Progr	am Revenue	s		R	et (Expense) evenue and anges in Net Position
	Expenses		narges for Services	Gr	perating ants and atributions		ital Grants and ntributions		overnmental Activities
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS									
Governmental activities: Culture and recreation	\$ 8,999,165	\$	200,431	\$	345,810	\$	140,862	\$	(8,312,062)
	General reven	ues:							
	Ad valore	m tax	æs						5,695,131
	Consolida	ted t	axes						2,605,464
	Unrestrict	ed in	vestment ea	rnings					156,530
	Total gene	eral r	evenues						8,457,125
Change in net position							145,063		
	Net position, k	egin	ning of year						10,691,505
	Net position, e	end o	f year					\$	10,836,568

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2019

	General <u>Fund</u>	Co	Capital onstruction Funds		Total Ionmajor vermental <u>Fund</u>	Go	Total overmental <u>Funds</u>
ASSETS							
Cash and investments	\$ 4,158,147	\$	1,916,784	\$	418,637	\$	6,493,568
Accounts receivable	6,103		-		4,730		10,833
Interest receivable	12,788		-		-		12,788
Due from other governments	541,247		-		-		541,247
Prepaids	61,553		-		-		61,553
Total assets	\$ 4,779,838	\$	1,916,784	\$	423,367	\$	7,119,989
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable	\$ 262,112	\$	4,632	\$	16,388	\$	283,132
Unearned revenue	50,619	·	-	·	, -	·	50,619
Accrued payroll	194,172		-		_		194,172
Total liabilities	506,903		4,632		16,388		527,923
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Unavailable revenue-ad valorem property taxes	 72,766		-				72,766
FUND BALANCES							
Nonspendable:							
Prepaid items	61,553		-		-		61,553
Restricted for:							
Green Valley Library	-		-		7,693		7,693
Materials	-		-		161,453		161,453
Outreach	-		-		11,425		11,425
Paseo Verde Library	-		-		8,229		8,229
Programming	-		-		77,348		77,348
Assigned for:							
Capital projects	-		1,912,152		-		1,912,152
Fund balance for next year operations	662,000		-		-		662,000
Materials	-		-		26,000		26,000
Programming and events	-		-		114,831		114,831
Unassigned	3,476,616		-		-		3,476,616
Total fund balances	4,200,169		1,912,152		406,979		6,519,300
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of	 -						
resources and fund balances	\$ 4,779,838	\$	1,916,784	\$	423,367	\$	7,119,989

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2019

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position (page 21) are different because:

Total fund balances - governmental funds (page 23)		\$ 6,519,300
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources		
and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		
Governmental capital assets	\$ 30,675,542	
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(15,835,200)	
		14,840,342
Deferred outflows of resources benefit future periods; and therefore,		
are not reported in governmental funds.		
Resources related to pensions	1,438,708	
Resources related to OPEB	5,734	
		1,444,442
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and,		
therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		
Compensated absences	(702,869)	
Net pension liability	(6,627,355)	
Obligations for postemployment benefits other than pensions	(2,139,788)	
		(9,470,012)
Deferred inflows of resources represent amounts that were not available to		
to fund current expenditures; and therefore, are not reported.		
Resources related to pensions		(557,705)
Resources related to OPEB		(2,012,565)
Unavailable revenue, property taxes	-	72,766
Net position of governmental activies		\$ 10,836,568

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	General <u>Fund</u>	Capital Construction <u>Fund</u>	Total Nonmajor Governmental <u>Fund</u>	Total Governmental <u>Funds</u>
REVENUES				
Taxes:				
Ad valorem	\$ 5,689,648	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,689,648
Intergovernmental:				
Consolidated tax	2,605,464	-	-	2,605,464
Grants, federal and state	-	-	81,285	81,285
Grants, local			4,876	4,876
Miscellaneous:				
Fines and forfeits	117,668	-	-	117,668
Contributions from private sources	-	-	278,839	278,839
Investment income	97,439	45,864	13,227	156,530
Other	81,027	-	1,736	82,763
Total revenues	8,591,246	45,864	379,963	9,017,073
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Culture and recreation:				
Salaries and wages	4,016,536	-	-	4,016,536
Employee benefits	1,563,153	-	-	1,563,153
Services and supplies	1,397,030	10,410	111,861	1,519,301
Capital outlay	756,160	-	179,283	935,443
Total expenditures	7,732,879	10,410	291,144	8,034,433
Excess of revenue				
over expenditures	858,367	35,454	88,819	982,640
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	-	500,000	_	500,000
Transfers out	(500,000)	-	_	(500,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(500,000)	500,000	-	-
Net change in fund balances	358,367	535,454	88,819	982,640
Fund balances, beginning of year	3,841,802	1,376,698	318,160	5,536,660
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 4,200,169	\$ 1,912,152	\$ 406,979	\$ 6,519,300

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities (page 22) are different because:

Net Change in Fund Balances - total governmental funds (page 25)		\$ 982,640
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures and the proceeds		
from the sale of assets as other financing sources. However, in the statement		
of activities, the cost of those assets is depreciated over their estimated useful		
lives and only the gain or loss is recorded when assets are sold.		
Expenditures for capital assets	\$ 935,443	
Disposition of assets	(5,110)	
Less: Current year depreciation	 (1,666,991)	
		(736,658)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial		
resources are not reported as revenues in governmental funds.		
Change in unavailable property tax	5,483	
Donated capital assets	121,672	
		127,155
Expenses reported in the statement of activities that do not require the use of		
current financial resources are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.		
Change in long-term compensated absences	(41,957)	
Change in net pension liability and related deferred outflows and inflows	(- / /	
of resources	(33,115)	
Change in obligations for postemployment benefits other than pensions	, , ,	
and related deferred outflows and inflows of resources	(153,002)	
		(228,074)
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$ 145,063

GENERAL FUND

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Original and Final <u>Budget</u>	Actual <u>Amounts</u>		Variance with Original and Final Budget	
REVENUES					
Taxes:					
Ad valorem	\$ 5,550,395	\$	5,689,648	\$	139,253
Intergovernmental:					
Consolidated tax	2,490,435		2,605,464		115,029
Miscellaneous:					
Fines and forfeits	130,000		117,668		(12,332)
Investment income	42,000		97,439		55,439
Other	 60,170		81,027		20,857
Total revenues	 8,273,000		8,591,246		318,246
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
Culture and recreation:					
Salaries and wages	4,063,000		4,016,536		46,464
Employee benefits	1,577,000		1,563,153		13,847
Services and supplies	1,660,000		1,397,030		262,970
Capital outlay	846,000		756,160		89,840
Total expenditures	8,146,000		7,732,879		413,121
Excess of revenues					
over expenditures	127,000		858,367		782,867
OTHER FINANCING USES					
Transfers out	(500,000)		(500,000)		_
Total other financing uses	(500,000)		(500,000)		_
. 5.55. Strict Intarioning about	(333,330)		(333,330)		
Net change in fund balance*	(373,000)		358,367		782,867
Fund balance, beginning of year	3,628,000		3,841,802		213,802
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 3,255,000	\$	4,200,169	\$	945,169

^{*} The net change in fund balance was included in the budget as an appropriation (i.e., spenddown)

See notes to the financial statements.

HENDERSON DISTRICT PUBLIC LIBRARIES NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Reporting Entity

The Henderson District Public Libraries (the District) was established and operates as an independent governmental unit under authority of Nevada Revised Statutes (NRS) Chapter 379. It is governed by a seven-member Board of Trustees. Five of the Board members are appointed to four-year terms by the Board of County Commissioners of Clark County, Nevada. The other two Board members are appointed to three-year terms by the City of Henderson Council. The Board of Trustees is responsible for establishing policy and overall operations of the District maintained within the District's boundaries. The District currently operates four libraries – the Heritage Park Senior Facility Library, the James I. Gibson Library, the Green Valley Library, and the Paseo Verde Library.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14, The Financial Reporting Entity, as amended by Statement No. 39, Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units and Statement No. 61, The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus, defines the reporting entity as the primary government and those component units for which the primary government is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government is such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Financial accountability is defined as the appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing board, and either the ability of the primary government to impose its will on the organization or the possibility that the organization will provide a financial benefit to or impose a financial burden on the primary government. In addition to financial accountability, component units can be other organizations in which the economic resources received or held by that organization are entirely or almost entirely for the direct benefit of the primary government, the primary government is entitled to or has the ability to otherwise access a majority of the economic resources received or held by that organization and the resources to which the primary government is entitled or has the ability to otherwise access are significant to the primary government. The District is not considered a component unit of any other governmental unit under this criteria.

The Friends of the Henderson Libraries, formed in 2000, and the Henderson Libraries Foundation, formed in 2010, are Nevada Non-Profit Corporations. Both entities were formed for the exclusive purpose of providing aid, support, and assistance in the promotion, growth and improvement of the District. Although the District expects to receive a future financial benefit from both entities, the District is not required to provide financial support to them, does not appoint a voting majority of the members of either Board or have the ability to otherwise control or impose its will on them, does not have immediate access to their resources, and their resources are not significant to the District. Therefore, neither entity is considered to be and is not reported as a component unit of the District. Furthermore, no other entities were determined to be component units of the District.

HENDERSON DISTRICT PUBLIC LIBRARIES NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements report information on all of the activities of the District. As a general rule, eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. Exceptions to this general rule are charges for services between the governmental activities and business-type activities, of which the District does not perform. Eliminations of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a function. Program revenues include 1) fees, fines, and charges paid by recipients of goods or services offered by a given program and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds. Funds are classified into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. During fiscal year 2019, the District used only the governmental fund category. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on the major governmental funds, which are each displayed in a separate column. The remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures/expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and *the accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when liabilities are incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Ad valorem property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current *financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered *measurable* when the amount of the transaction can be determined and *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures are generally recorded when the related liabilities are incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and other postemployment benefits, are recorded only when payment is due (or when payment is made).

HENDERSON DISTRICT PUBLIC LIBRARIES NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Ad valorem property taxes, consolidated tax revenue (sales taxes, cigarette taxes, motor vehicle privilege taxes and liquor taxes), interest associated with the current fiscal period, and federal, state and local grants are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Charges for services, fines and contributions are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash.

Ad valorem property tax revenue is recognized in the fiscal year in which the taxes become due to the extent they are collected during the fiscal year or soon enough thereafter that they can be used to finance current period expenditures (no later than 60 days after year-end).

The District reports unearned revenue in the fund financial statements. Unearned revenues arise when potential revenue does not meet both the measurable and available criteria for recognition in the current period. Unearned revenues also arise when resources are received by the government before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the government has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the balance sheet and revenues are recognized.

The District classifies and reports the following as major governmental funds:

The **General Fund** is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources and costs associated with library activities, except those that are required to be accounted for in other funds.

The **Capital Construction Fund** is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the improvement, acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

Additionally, the District reports the following nonmajor governmental fund type:

The **Contributions and Grants Special Revenue Fund** is used to account for and report donations and grants that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for specific purposes generally dictated by the donor or the grant award.

The District has no nongovernmental fund types.

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position/Fund Balance

Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

The District maintains two checking accounts and invests resources with the State of Nevada Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP). The District pools cash resources of its various funds in order to facilitate the management of cash and maximize investment earning potential. Cash applicable to a particular fund is readily identifiable.

Cash and cash equivalents include currency on hand, demand deposits with banks and other highly liquid investments, with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition, which are readily convertible to cash.

As more fully described in Note 3, state statutes authorize the District to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, certain farm loan bonds, certain securities issued by Nevada local governments, repurchase agreements, banker's acceptances, commercial paper, negotiable certificates of deposit, Local Government Investment Pool, and money market mutual funds. All investments are stated at fair value.

Ad Valorem Property Taxes

Ad valorem taxes on real property are levied based on the assessed valuations as of January 1st of each year. A lien is placed on the property on July 1st of each year, and the taxes are due on the third Monday in August. The taxes can be paid in four installments on or before the third Monday in August and the first Mondays in October, January and March. In the event of nonpayment, the County Treasurer is authorized to hold the property for two years, subject to redemption upon payment of taxes, penalties and costs, together with interest from the date the taxes were due until paid. If delinquent taxes are not paid within the two-year redemption period, the County Treasurer obtains a deed to the property free of all encumbrances. Upon receipt of deed, the County Treasurer may sell the property to satisfy the tax lien.

Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Capital Assets

Capital assets are defined as those assets with an initial cost of \$2,500 or more and an estimated useful life of more than one year. Library books and materials purchased throughout the fiscal year are combined together as one item and considered a capital asset. All purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated assets are valued at their estimated acquisition value on the date received. Book deletions are computed using the average cost per book, as determined from the purchases over a period of years. Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Class	<u>Years</u>
Buildings	30
Equipment	5-20
Furniture	7
Land improvements	20
Library materials	5
Vehicles	5

Compensated Absences

It is the District's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation, sick and compensatory time benefits, subject to cap limits. All vacation, sick and compensatory time leave is accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements. In governmental funds, the current portion of compensated absences, vacation leave, sick leave and compensatory time actually paid or accrued as a result of employees who have terminated, is recorded as a payroll expenditure.

Long-Term Debt

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt is reported as a liability in the Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method, if material. For current and advance refundings resulting in defeasance of debt, the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt should be reported as a deferred outflow of resources or a deferred inflow of resources and recognized as a component of interest expense in a systematic and rational manner over the remaining life of the old debt or the life of the new debt, whichever is shorter. Debt issuance costs are recognized as an expense in the period incurred.

For governmental fund types, bond discounts and issuance costs are recognized during the current period. The face amount of bonds issued is reported as other financing sources, as are bond premiums. Bond discounts and payments to advance refunding agents are recorded as other financing uses. Issuance costs, even if withheld from the proceeds received and payments to current refunding agents, are reported as debt service expenditures.

The District has no such long-term debt as of June 30, 2019.

Other Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the District's OPEB liablity, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expenses, information about the fiduciary net position of the District's OPEB plans (the Plans) and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined based on annual actuarial reports. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

Multiple-Employer Cost-Sharing Defined Benefit Pension Plan

For purposes of measuring the District's net pension liablity, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expenses, information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position of the Public Employees' Retirement System of Nevada (PERS) and additions to/deductions from the plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District has two items that qualify for reporting in the category; deferred pension related items and deferred other postemployment benefits related items. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an outflow of resources in future periods.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has two such items that qualify for reporting in this category; deferred pension related items and deferred other post-employment benefit related items. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in future periods. The District also reflects deferred inflows of resources which are unavailable revenue - property taxes, arising only under the modified accrual basis of accounting, which is reported on the governmental funds balance sheet.

Equity Classifications

In the government-wide financial statements, net position is displayed in three components:

Net investment in capital assets - Consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted net position - Consists of net position with constraints placed on their use either by 1) external groups such as creditors (such as debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or 2) by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net position - Consists of all other net position that does not meet the definition of restricted or net investment in capital assets.

Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes, the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted – net position and unrestricted – net position in the government-wide financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted – net position to have been depleted before unrestricted – net position is applied, but reserves the right to selectively deplete unrestricted – net position first to defer the use of restricted – net position.

Fund Balance Flow Assumption

Sometimes, the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the government-wide financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. The District would typically use restricted fund balances first, followed by committed fund balances, and then assigned fund balances, as appropriate opportunities arise, but reserves the right to selectively deplete unassigned fund balances first to defer the use of these other classified fund balances.

Fund Balance Policies

Governmental fund balances are classified as follows:

Nonspendable Fund Balance - Includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. This classification includes prepaid items.

Restricted Fund Balance - Includes constraints placed on the use of these resources that are either externally imposed by creditors (such as debt covenants), grantors, contributors or other governments; or are imposed by laws (through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation).

Committed Fund Balance - Includes amounts that can be used only for a specific purpose because of a formal action (resolution) by the Board of Trustees, which is the District's highest level of decision-making authority. Those constraints remain binding unless removed or changed in the same manner employed to previously commit those resources.

Assigned Fund Balance – Includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for specific purposes, but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. The Board of Trustees, has by formal board action, adopted the District's fund balance policy delegating authority to assign fund balances to the District's Executive Director. The Board may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenues and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Constraints imposed on the use of assigned amounts can be removed without formal action by the Board of Trustees.

Unassigned Fund Balance – This is the residual classification of fund balance in the General Fund, which has not been reported in any other classification. The General Fund is the only fund that can report a positive unassigned fund balance. Other governmental funds might report a negative unassigned fund balance as a result of overspending for specific purposes for which amounts have been restricted, committed, or assigned.

NOTE 2 – Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

Budgetary Information

The District adheres to the Local Government Budget and Finance Act, incorporated within the statutes of the State of Nevada, which includes the following major procedures to establish the budgetary data that is reflected in these financial statements:

- 1. On or before April 15, the Library Board of Trustees files a tentative budget with the Nevada Department of Taxation.
- 2. Public hearings on the tentative budget are held during the third week in May.
- 3. Prior to June 1, at a public hearing, the Board indicates changes, if any, to be made to the tentative budget and adopts a final budget by the favorable vote of a majority of the members of the Board.
- 4. Formal budgetary integration in the financial records is employed to enhance management control during the year.
- 5. Budgets for all funds are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) and appropriations lapse at year end.
- 6. Statutory regulations require budget controls to be exercised at the function level. Management is authorized to transfer budget amounts between functions or funds if amounts do not exceed total appropriations and the Board of Trustees is notified at the next regular meeting.
- 7. Budget augmentations in excess of original budgetary amounts may not be made without prior approval of the Board of Trustees following a public hearing. Such augmentations become effective upon receipt of resolution by the Nevada Department of Taxation. Various supplemental appropriations were approved during the year to reflect necessary changes in spending and the corresponding additional resources available.

8. In accordance with Statute, actual expenditures may not exceed appropriations in the various functions of the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, and the Capital Projects Funds.

Compliance with Nevada Revised Statutes

Henderson District Public Libraries conformed to all significant statutory constraints on its financial administration during this year.

New Accounting Prouncements

In June 2017, the GASB issued Statement No. 87, *Leases*, effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2019. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. Management has not yet completed its assessment of this statement.

In April 2018, the GASB issued Statement No. 88, *Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, Including Direct Borrowing and Direct Placements*, effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2018. The primary objective of this Statement is to improve information that is disclosed in notes to government financial statements related to debt, including direct borrowings and direct placements. It also clarifies which liabilities governments should include when disclosing information related to debt. Management has completed its assessment of this statement and determined that it will not have a material effect on financial position or changes therein.

In June 2018, the GASB issued Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred Before the End of a Construction Period, effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2019. The objective of this Statement is to enhance the relevance and comparability of information about capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period and to simplify accounting for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. Management has completed its assessment of this statement and determined that it will not have a material effect on financial position or changes therein.

In August 2018, the GASB issued Statement No. 90, Majority Equity Interest—An Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61, effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2018. The primary objectives of this Statement are to improve the consistency and comparability of reporting a government's majority equity interest in a legally separate organization and to improve the relevance of financial statement information for certain component units. Management has completed its assessment of this statement and determined that it will not have a material effect on financial position or changes therein.

NOTE 3 – Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

The following summarizes the District's cash and investment balances as of June 30, 2019:

Cash on hand	\$ 2,182
Cash in financial institutes	445,183
Investments	 6,046,203
Total cash, cash equivalents, and investments	\$ 6,493,568

Deposits

State statutes govern the District's deposit options. The District monies must be deposited in insured banks, credit unions, or savings and loan associations. The District is authorized to use demand accounts, time accounts and certificates of deposit.

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of a failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. As of June 30, 2019, the recorded amount of the District's deposits was \$445,183 and the bank balances were \$473,596. Of the bank statement balances, \$250,000 was covered by federal depository insurance and the remainder was subject to collateralization by the office of the State Treasurer/Nevada Collateral Pool.

<u>Investments</u>

The District invests through pooling of monies. The pooling of monies is theoretically invested on the whole and not as a combination of monies from each fund belonging to the pool. In this manner, the District's Chief Financial Officer is able in invest the monies at a higher interest rate for a longer period of time. Interest revenue is apportioned annually to each fund in the pool based on the average cash balance of the fund for each month. The District investment pool is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission as an investment company. Investments made by the Chief Financial Officer are regulated by Nevada Revised Statutes (NRS 355.170).

NRS 355.170 sets forth acceptable investments for Nevada local governments. The District has not adopted a formal investment policy that would limit its investment choices or limit its exposure to certain risks beyond that set forth in the statutes.

The following table identifies the investment types and minimum credit ratings authorized for the District by NRS 355.170:

		Maximum	Maximum	Minimu	m Ratings
Authorized Investment Type	Maximum Maturity	Percentage of Portfolio	Investment in One Issuer	S & P	Moody's
Banker's acceptances	180	20%	None	N/A	N/A
Commercial paper	270 days	20%	None	A-1	P-1
Money market mutual funds	None	None	None	AAA	Aaa
Negotiable certificates of deposit	None	None	None	N/A	N/A
Collateralized nonnegotiable certificates of deposit	None	None	None	N/A	N/A
Negotiable notes/medium-term obligations of local					
governments within the State of Nevada	None	None	None	N/A	N/A
Obligations of state and local governments outside					
of the State of Nevada	None	None	None	N/A	N/A
Repurchase agreements	90 days	None	10%	N/A	N/A
U.S. Treasury obligations	10 years	None	None	N/A	N/A
U.S. Agency securities:				N/A	N/A
Federal National Mortgage Association	10 years	None	None	N/A	N/A
Federal Agricultural Mortgage Corporation	10 years	None	None	N/A	N/A
Federal Farm Credit Bank	10 years	None	None	N/A	N/A
Federal Home Loan Bank	10 years	None	None	N/A	N/A
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	10 years	None	None	N/A	N/A
Government National Mortgage Association	10 years	None	None	N/A	N/A
Local government investment pool	None	None	None	N/A	N/A
Notes, bonds and other obligations issued by U.S.					
Corporations	5 years	20%	25%	Α	N/A
Collaterized mortgage obligations	None	None	None	AAA	N/A
Asset-backed securities	None	None	None	AAA	N/A

The District is a voluntary participant in the State of Nevada Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP), which has regulatory oversight from the Board of Finance of the State of Nevada and is governed by the provisions of State Law (NRS 355.170). The LGIP is not registered with the SEC as an investment company. The fair value of the District's position in the pool is the same as the value of the pool shares. Deposits in the LGIP are not insured or otherwise guaranteed by the State of Nevada, and participants share proportionally in any realized gains or losses on investments.

As of June 30, 2019, the District had the following investments and maturities:

	Maturities	Fair Value
Pooled Investments:		
State of Nevada Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP)	116 days*	\$ 6,046,203
*Represents average weighted maturity		_

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The fair value measurement level within the hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is deemed significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used maximize the use of obserservable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

At June 30, 2019, the District's Level 1 investments were valued based on quoted market prices provided by recognized broker dealers and its Level 2 investments were valued, by recognized broker dealers, based on a matrix pricing model that maximizes the use of observable inputs for similar securities.

The District has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2019:

			Level 2		Total
	Le	vel 1 Inputs	Inputs	Ir	nvestment
Investments by fair value measurement					
State of Nevada Local Government Investment					
Pool (LGIP)	\$	1,114,315	\$ 4,931,888	\$	6,046,203

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk of possible reduction in the value of a security, especially a bond, resulting from a rise in interest rates. The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates beyond those specified in the statutes.

Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligation and is a function of the credit quality rating of investments. The LGIP is an unrated external investment pool and as noted above, the District has no formal investment policy that specifies minimum acceptable credit ratings.

NOTE 4 – Interfund Activity

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2019 consisted of the following:

	Transfers in			
	Capital Construction Fund			
Transfers out:				
General Fund	\$	500,000		

Transfers are made to move unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs or capital improvements accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorization.

NOTE 5 – Capital Assets

The following schedule summarizes the changes in capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2019:

	Balance			Balance
Governmental Activities:	July 1, 2018	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deletions</u>	June 30, 2019
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 1,406,051	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,406,051
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	1,406,051	-	-	1,406,051
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings	17,938,506	-	-	17,938,506
Equipment	884,567	32,973	(124,444)	793,096
Furniture	411,993	-	-	411,993
Land improvements	599,912	-	-	599,912
Library materials	9,917,986	1,024,142	(1,503,253)	9,438,875
Vehicles	87,109	-	-	87,109
Total capital assets, being depreciated	29,840,073	1,057,115	(1,627,697)	29,269,491
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	(6,811,995)	(597,951)	-	(7,409,946)
Equipment	(365,003)	(63,422)	119,334	(309,091)
Furniture	(411,993)	-	-	(411,993)
Land improvements	(269,961)	(29,995)	-	(299,956)
Library materials	(7,846,314)	(974,044)	1,503,253	(7,317,105)
Vehicles	(85,530)	(1,579)	-	(87,109)
Total accumulated depreciation	(15,790,796)	(1,666,991)	1,622,587	(15,835,200)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	14,049,277	(609,876)	(5,110)	13,434,291
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 15,455,328	\$ (609,876)	\$ (5,110)	\$ 14,840,342

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the government as follows:

Governmental Activities:

Culture and recreation \$ 1,666,991

NOTE 6 - Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liabilities activity for the year ended June 30, 2019, was as follows:

	Balance <u>June 30, 2018</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deletions</u>	Balance <u>June 30, 2019</u>	Due in 2019-2020
Compensated absences Other post employment benefits Net pension liability	\$ 660,912 3,509,926 6,289,728	\$ 448,761 437,853 788,449	\$ (406,804) (1,807,991) (450,822)	\$ 702,869 2,139,788 6,627,355	\$ 441,961 - -
Total Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 10,460,566	\$ 1,675,063	\$ (2,665,617)	\$ 9,470,012	\$ 441,961

Compensated absences, other post employment benefits and termination benefits payable typically have been liquidated by the General Fund.

NOTE 7 – Multiple-Employer Cost-Sharing Defined Benefit Pension Plan

The District's employees are covered by the Public Employees Retirement System of Nevada (PERS), which was established by the Nevada Legislature in 1947, effective July 1, 1948, and is governed by the Public Employees Retirement Board (the PERS Board) whose seven members are appointed by the governor. The District does not excercise any control over PERS. NRS 286.110 states that "The respective participating public employers are not liable for any obligations of the system."

PERS is a cost sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit public employees' retirement system which includes both regular and police/fire members. PERS is administered to provide a reasonable base income to qualified employees who have been employed by a public employer and whose earnings capacities have been removed or substantially impaired by age or disability.

Benefits, as required by NRS, are determined by the number of years of accredited service at time of retirement and the member's highest average compensation in any 36 consecutive months with special provisions for members entering the system on or after January 1, 2010 and July 1, 2015. Benefit payments to which participants or their beneficiaries may be entitled under the plan include pension benefits, disability benefits, and survivor benefits.

Monthly benefit allowances for members are computed as 2.5% of average compensation for each accredited year of service prior to July 1, 2001. For service earned on and after July 1, 2001, this factor is 2.67% of average compensation. For members entering the System on or after January 1, 2010, there is a 2.5% service time factor and for regular members entering the System on or after July 1, 2015, there is a 2.25% factor. PERS offers several alternatives to the unmodified service retirement allowance which, in general, allow the retired employee to accept a reduced service retirement allowance payable monthly during his or her lifetime and various optional monthly payments to a named beneficiary after his or her death.

Post-retirement increases are provided by authority of NRS 286.575 - .579, which for members entering the system before January 1, 2010, is equal to the lesser of:

- 1. 2% per year following the third anniversary of the commencement of benefits, 3% per year following the sixth anniversary, 3.5% per year following the ninth anniversary, 4% per year following the twelfth anniversary and 5% per year following the fourteenth anniversary, or
- 2. The average percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index (or other PERS Board approved index) for the three preceding years.

In any event, a member's benefit must be increased by the percentages in paragraph 1, above, if the benefit of a member has not been increased at a rate greater than or equal to the average of the Consumer Price Index (All Items) (or other PERS Board approved index) for the period between retirement and the date of increase.

For members entering the System on or after January 1, 2010, the post-retirement increases are the same as above, except that the increases do not exceed 4% per year.

Regular members entering the System prior to January 1, 2010, are eligible for retirement at age 65 with five years of service, at age 60 with 10 years of service, or at any age with 30 years of service. Regular members entering the System on or after January 1, 2010, are eligible for retirement at age 65 with five years of service, at age 62 with 10 years of service, or at any age with thirty years of service. Regular members entering the System on or after July 1, 2015, are eligible for retirement at age 65 with five years of service, at age 62 with 10 years of service, at age 55 with 30 years of service, or at any age with 33 1/3 years of service.

Police/fire members entering the System prior to January 1, 2010, are eligible for retirement at age 65 with five years of service, at age 55 with ten years of service, at age 50 with twenty years of service, or at any age with twenty-five years of service. Police/fire members entering the System on or after January 1, 2010, are eligible for retirement at age 65 with five years of service, at age 60 with ten years of service, at age 50 with twenty years of service, or at any age with thirty years of service. Only service performed in a position as a police officer or firefighter may be counted toward the eligibility for retirement as police/fire accredited service.

The normal ceiling limitation on the monthly benefit allowances is 75% of average compensation. However, a member who has an effective date of membership before July 1, 1985, is entitled to a benefit of up to 90% of average compensation. Both regular and police/fire members become fully vested as to benefits upon completion of five years of service.

The authority for establishing and amending the obligation to make contributions, and member contribution rates is set by statute. New hires, in agencies which did not elect the Employer-Pay Contribution (EPC) plan prior to July 1, 1983, have the option of selecting one of two contribution plans. Contributions are shared equally by employer and employee. Employees can take a reduced salary and have contributions made by the employer (EPC) or can make contributions by a payroll deduction matched by the employer. The District is an employee-choice agency.

PERS's basic funding policy provides for periodic contributions at a level pattern of cost as a percentage of salary throughout an employee's working lifetime in order to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due.

PERS receives an actuarial valuation on an annual basis for determining the prospective funding contribution rates required to fund the system on an actuarial reserve basis. Contributions actually made are in accordance with the required rates established by NRS. These statutory rates are increased/decreased pursuant to NRS 286.421 and 286.450. The actuarial funding method used is the entry age normal cost method. It is intended to meet the funding objective and result in a relatively level long-term contributions requirement as a percentage of salary.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the statutory Employer/Employee matching rate was 14.50% for regular and 20.75% for police/fire members. The Employer-Pay contribution (EPC) was 28.00% for regular and 40.50% for police/fire members.

PERS issues a publicly available Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplemental information. This report is available on the PERS website, www.nvpers.org under publications.

PERS collective net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The total PERS pension liability was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation Rate 2.75%

Payroll Growth 5.00%, including inflation

Investment Rate of Return 7.50% Productivity Pay Increase 0.5%

Projected Salary Increases Regular: 4.25% to 9.15%, depending on service

Police/Fire: 4.55% to 13.90%, depending on service Rates include inflation and productivity increases

Consumer Price Index 2.75%

Other assumptions Same as those used in the June 30, 2018 funding

actuarial valuation

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of the experience review completed in 2017.

PERS's policies which determine the investment portfolio target asset allocation are established by the PERS Board. The asset allocation is reviewed annually and is designed to meet the future risk and return needs of PERS. The following target asset allocation policy was adopted as of June 30, 2018:

		Long-Term
		Geometric Expected
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Real Rate of Return*
Domestic Equity	42%	5.50%
International Equity	18%	5.75%
Domestic Fixed Income	30%	0.25%
Private Markets	10%	6.80%

^{*}As of June 30, 2018, PERS' long-term inflation assumption was 2.75%

PERS adopted a new target asset allocation in June 2018, with an effective implementation date of July 1, 2018. The new target allocation is as follows: 42% U.S. stock, 18% international stock, 28% U.S. bonds, and 12% Private markets.

The discounted rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50% as of June 30, 2018. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee and employer contributions will be made at the rate specified in statute. Based on that assumption, the pension plan's fiduciary net position at June 30, 2018, was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2018.

The District's proportionate share of the net pension liability at June 30, 2018, calculated using the discount rate of 7.50%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower (6.50%) or 1% higher (8.50%) than the current discount rate was as follows:

	1% Decrease in		1% Increase in	
	Discount Rate	Discount Rate	Discount Rate	
Net Pension Liability	\$10,107,344	\$6,627,355	\$3,736,762	

Detailed information about PERS fiduciary net position is available in the PERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, available on the PERS website, www.nvpers.org under publications. PERS fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from have been determined on the same basis used in the PERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. PERS financial statements are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America applicable to governmental accounting for fiduciary funds. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

The District's proportionate share (amount) of the collective net pension liability was \$6,627,355, which represents 0.0486% of the collective net pension liability. Contributions for employer pay dates within the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018, were used as the basis for determining each employer's proportionate share. Each employer's proportion of the net pension liability is based on their combined employer and member contributions relative to the total combined employer and member contributions for all employers for the period ended June 30, 2018.

For the period ended June 30, 2019, the District's pension expense was \$514,650 and its reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions as of June 30, 2019, were as follows:

		Deferred		eferred
	Οι	utflows of	In	iflows of
	R	esources	Re	esources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	207,616	\$	307,623
Changes in assumptions		349,220		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on				
investments				31,553
Changes in proportion and differences between actual				
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		400,337		218,529
Contributions made subsequent to the measurement date		481,535		

At June 30, 2018, the average expected remaining service life is 6.22 years.

Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date totaling \$481,535 will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources excluding the changes in proportion and differences between actual contributions and proportionate share of contributions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

For the Year Ended June 30,	
2020	\$ 278,400
2021	74,148
2022	(190,862)
2023	103,293
2024	118,430
Thereafter	16,059

Changes in the District's net pension liability were as follows:

Net pension liability, beginning of year	\$ 6,289,728
Pension expense	514,650
Employer contibutions	(450,822)
Net new deferred inflows and outflows of resources	273,799
Net pension liability, end of year	\$ 6,627,355

At June 30, 2019, \$73,273 is payable to PERS, equal to the June 2019 required contribution, was included in accounts payable.

NOTE 8 – Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

Plan Description

Retiree Health Program Plan (RHPP)

RHPP allows eligible employees of the District to continue their medical, dental, and prescription insurance coverage upon retirement. Retirees may retire under either the County Self-Funded Group Medical and Dental Benefits Plan (CCSF), an agent multiple-employer defined benefit (PPO) plan, or Health Plan of Nevada (HPN), a fully-insured health maintenance organization (HMO) plan. CCSF and HPN benefit provisions are established and amended through negotiations between the District and Clark County.

Public Employees' Benefit Program (PEBP)

Employees retired prior to September 1, 2008 could opt enrollment in the state program of insurance. This program, the Public Employee Benefit Program (PEBP), is an agent multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. The District pays a subsidy for retirees that elected this plan. The subsidy is shared on a pro-rata basis by the employers for which the retiree has worked and earned PERS service credit.

Eligibility Criteria

The only conditions to be eligible for coverage as a retiree are:

- The employee must have qualified for and started his or her retirement benefits from Nevada PERS;
- 2. The employee was eligible for benefits while employed by the District; and
- 3. The District was the employee's last Nevada public agency employer.

Benefits Provided

Health

Eligible employees and spouses are offered medical, dental, and prescription benefits for life. Retirees may retire under either the Self-Funded Group medical plan, the Health Plan of Nevada plan, or if retired prior to September 1, 2008, the State of Nevada Public Employees' Benefit Program.

Benefits are provided to the spouse for life, regardless of the retiree's death.

Life Insurance

The face amount of life insurance for retirees is \$10,000 while under age 70 and \$5,000 for spouse. The face amount decreases to \$1,000 at age 70 for retirees and spouse.

Participant Contributions

RHPP

The full monthly premium rates as of January 1, 2019 for each plan are shown below. All retirees must contribute the full amount in order to continue coverage at retirement.

НМО	Pre-Medicare	Post-Medicare
Single	\$569	\$310
Spouse	\$496	\$310
PPO (10 or more years of service)	Pre-Medicare	Post-Medicare
Single	\$513	\$345
Spouse	\$447	\$432
PPO (6-9 years of service)	Pre-Medicare	Post-Medicare
Single	\$564	\$379
Spouse	\$491	\$476
PPO (Less than 5 years of service)	Pre-Medicare	Post-Medicare
Single	\$615	\$413
	·	•

PEBP

The Nevada Legislature establishes monthly premium rates annually. The monthly subsidy is based on years of credited service under Nevada PERS, though the level differs for pre-Medicare and Medicare eligible retirees. The subsidy ends at the earlier of the retiree's death or the date he or she discontinues coverage.

The subsidy provided to pre-Medicare retirees varies based on the type of plan selected (PPO or HMO) and by the level of coverage taken (e.g., single, two party, family, etc.). The subsidy is paid on a pay-as-you-go basis. In fiscal year 2019, this subsidy for the District ranged from \$20-204 per month, per retiree.

Life Insurance

Premiums are currently at the rate of \$0.75 per month for \$10,000. Retirees are responsible for the entire premium amount.

Employer Contributions

RHPP

District contributions to the Plan occur as benefits are paid to retirees. Benefit payments occur in the form of indirect payments to retirees in the form of higher premiums for active employees ("implicit subsidies"). Retiree contributions received during the measurement period were greater than retiree claims paid during the same measurement period resulting in a negative District contribution of \$3,337 for the year ended June 30, 2019 (measurement period ended June 30, 2018).

PEBP

District contributions to the Plan occur as benefits are paid to retirees. In this PEBP program, the only benefit payments occur in the form of direct payments to PEBP on behalf of currently covered retirees. Contributions to the Plan from the District were \$6,355 for the year ended June 30, 2019 (measurement period ended June 30, 2018).

Employees covered by benefit terms

RHPP

There are 56 active employees, four retirees, and one retiree's spouse participating in the plan as of the July 2018 valuation.

PEPB

There are no active employees covered by or eligible for coverage under PEBP. There are six retirees for whom the District pays a subsidy toward the cost of PEPB coverage.

Plan Financial Reports

RHPP

The CCSF is not administered as a qualifying trust or equivalent arrangement, as defined by GASB Statement No. 45, and is included in the Clark County comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) as an internal service fund (the Self-Funded Group Insurance Fund). The CCSF report is available at http://www.clarkcountynv.gov/finance/comptroller/Pages/CAFR.aspx.

PEPB

Information about PEBP's financial report is available at https://pebp.state.nv.us.

OPEB Liability

Net OPEB Liability

At June 30, 2019, the District reported a net OPEB liability of \$109,514 for PEBP and \$2,030,274 for RHPP. The net liability was measured as of June 30, 2018 and the total liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018. An OPEB trust has not been established so the total liability is equal to net liability. There are no assets accumulated in a trust that meet the criteria in GASB 75 (paragraph 4) to pay related benefits. Total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2018 reflects a change in the use of discount rates of 3.58% as of June 30, 2017 and 3.87% as of June 30, 2018. Other key assumption changes were as follows:

- 1. The termination rates and retirement rates were updated based on the 2018 Nevada PERS Actuarial Valuation results.
- 2. The marriage assumption was updated to reflect the most recent participant experience.
- 3. Aging factors were updated based on the 2013 Society of Actuaries study.

OPEB Liability Discount Rate Sensitivity

The following presents the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.87%, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current discount rate:

	19	1% Decrease		Discount Rate		% Increase
Net OPEB Liability - PEBP	\$	125,0000	\$	109,514	\$	97,000
Net OPEB Liability - RHPP		2,465,000		2,030,274		1,693,000

OPEB Liability Healthcare Cost Trend Rates Sensitivity

The following presents the net OPEB liability calculated using current healthcare cost trend rates, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rate:

	1% Decrease		Dis	count Rate	1% Increase	
Net OPEB Liability - PEBP	\$	97,000	\$	109,514	\$	124,000
Net OPEB Liability - RHPP		1,652,000		2,030,274		2,536,000

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability for both plans was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Measurement Date	June 30, 2018
Reporting Date	June 30, 2019
Discount Rate	3.87%
Salary Increase Rate	3.0% per annum
Medical Consumer Price Index	Chained-CPI of 2.0% per annum
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal based on level percentage of salary
Healthcare Cost Trend Rates	Pre-Medicare Medical and Rx Benefits: 7.00% decreasing at a rate of 0.5% per year until reaching the ultimate tread rate of 4.50% Medicare Benefits: 6.0% decreasing at a rate of 0.5% per year until reaching the ultimate tread rate of 4.50% Administrative Fees: 4.5% Dental: 4.0%
Mortality Rates	RP-2014 generational table, back-projected to 2006, then scaled to MP-2018, applied on a gender-specific basis

Changes in the Net OPEB Liability

<u>RHPP</u>	Increase(decrease)						
	Total OPEB			Plar	n fiduciary	Net OPEB	
		liability		ne	t postion	(asset) liability	
		(a)			(b)		(a)-(b)
Balances at June 30, 2018	\$	3,293,520		\$		\$	3,293,520
Changes during the period:							
Service cost		304,386			-		304,386
Interest cost		128,865			-		128,865
Expected investment income		-			-		-
Employer contributions		-			(3,337)		3,337
Changes of benefit terms		-			-		-
Benefit payments		3,337	*		3,337		-
Assumption changes		(291,766)			-		(291,766)
Plan experience		(1,408,068)			-		(1,408,068)
Investment experience		-			-		-
Net changes		(1,263,246)					(1,263,246)
Balances at June 30, 2019	\$	2,030,274		\$		\$	2,030,274

^{*} Retiree premium contributions received exceeded the claims payments during FY2018.

<u>PEBP</u>	Increase(decrease)						
	Total OPEB liability (a)			fiduciary postion (b)	Net OPEB (asset) liability (a)-(b)		
Balances at June 30, 2018	\$	216,406	\$	_	\$	216,406	
Changes during the period:							
Service cost		-		-		-	
Interest cost		4,602		-		4,602	
Expected investment income		-		-		-	
Employer contributions		-		6,355		(6,355)	
Changes of benefit terms		-		-		-	
Benefit payments		(6,355)		(6,355)		-	
Assumption changes		(104,971)		-		(104,971)	
Plan experience		(168)		-		(168)	
Investment experience		-		-		-	
Net changes		(106,892)				(106,892)	
Balances at June 30, 2019	\$	109,514	\$	-	\$	109,514	

Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about PEBP's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued PEBP financial report. CCSF and HPN do not issue separate financial reports.

OPEB Expense

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized OPEB expenses for RHPP of \$255,936 and for PEBP of (\$100,537).

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2019, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

RHPP	Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows		
	of Resources	of Resources		
Changes of assumption	\$ -	\$ 686,094		
Differences between expected and actual experience		1,326,471		
Total	\$ -	\$ 2,012,565		

Expected average remaining service life:

13.8 years

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in the OPEB expense as follows:

	Deferred Outflows				
Year Ending	(1	nflows) of			
June 30,	F	Resources			
2020	\$	(177,315)			
2021		(177,315)			
2022		(177,315)			
2023		(177,315)			
2024		(177,315)			
Thereafter		(1,125,990)			

<u>PEBP</u>	Deferr	ed Outflows	Deferred Inflows		
	of F	Resources	of R	esources	
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	\$	5,734	\$	-	
Total	\$	5,734	\$	_	

The amount \$5,734 reported as deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the subsequent fiscal year.

Combined Balances for OPEB Plans

The combined balances for both plans as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019 are as follows:

	 RHPP		PEBP		PEBP		Combined
Net OPEB Liability	\$ 2,030,274	\$	109,415	\$	2,139,788		
Deferred Outflows	-		5,734		5,734		
Deferred Inflows	2,012,565		-		2,012,565		
OPEB Expense	255,936		(100,537)		155,399		

NOTE 9 - Tax Abatements

The State of Nevada has entered into various tax abatement agreements that reduce the Consolidated Tax (Basic City-County Relief Tax and Supplemental City-County Relief Tax) revenues received by the District. The State's tax abatement programs that reduce tax revenues include the following:

NRS 360.753 - Partial abatement of one or more of personal property and local sales and use taxes imposed on aircraft, components of aircraft and other personal property used for certain purposes related to aircrafts.

NRS 360.754 - Partial abatement of one or more property and local sales and use taxes imposed on a new or expanded data center.

NRS 374.357 - Partial abatement sales and use taxes imposed on eligible machinery or equipment used by certain new or expended businesses.

NRS 701A.370 - Partial abatement of one or more property and local sales and use taxes imposed on renewable energy facilities.

Clark County, Nevada has entered into various tax abatement agreements that reduce the property tax revenues received by the District. The County's tax abatement programs that reduce tax revenues include the following:

NRS 361.0687 - Partial abatement of personal property imposed on certain new or expanded businesses.

NRS 361.484 - Abatement of taxes on real or personal property acquired by Federal Government, State, or political subdivision.

NRS 701A.110 - Partial abatement of certain property taxes for buildings or structures that meet certain standards under Green Building Rating System.

Reported below is the gross dollar amount, on an accrual basis, by which these governmental agencies' abatements reduced the District's tax revenues:

	Abatements					
	Consolida	ited Taxes		Property Taxes		
State of Nevada						
NRS 360.753	\$	549	\$	-		
NRS 360.754		5,974		-		
NRS 374.357		5,299		-		
NRS 701A.370		4,931		-		
Clark County, Nevada						
NRS 361.0687		-		25,819		
NRS 361.484		-		519,684		
NRS 701A.110				16,583		
Total abated taxes	\$	16,753	\$	562,086		

NOTE 10 - Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions. The District participates in Clark County, Nevada's insurance program to provide health insurance coverage for its employees. The District carries insurance policies for liability, fire, theft, auto, inland marine, workers compensation and Directors and Officers coverage. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTE 11 – Contracts

The District continued the interlocal agreement with the City of Henderson (the City) whereby the City provides for assistance in updating or revising the the District master plan and allows the District to provide library services at facilities owned or operated by the City. In addition, this agreement provides for the appointment of two members of the Board of Trustees by the Henderson City Council. The original term of the interlocal agreement was six years, ending on June 30, 2007. This agreement was renegotiated for another six years effective July 1, 2007, July 1, 2013 and June 1, 2019. The current agreement will terminate on June 30, 2025 unless renewed for an additional six years by mutual agreement of both parties.

The District continued leasing 4.36 acres of land from the City of Henderson, upon which the Paseo Verde Library is located. This lease is for a period of 50 years, commencing May 16, 2000. The leased land is provided to the District at the nominal sum of \$1 per year in exchange for other considerations, such as payment of all utilities and janitorial services. This lease is renewable for an additional period of 48 years, unless cancelled by the District.

MULTI-EMPLOYER COST-SHARING DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE COLLECTIVE NET PENSION LIABILITY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 AND LAST NINE FISCAL YEARS*

						Proportion of the	
						Collective Net	PERS Fiduciary
						Pension Liability	Net Position as a
	Proportion of the	Pro	portion of the			as a Percentage	Percentage of
	Collective Net	Co	llective Net	et Covered		of Covered	Total Pension
Valuation Date	Pension Liability	Per	sion Liability		Payroll	Payroll	Liability
2018	0.04860%	\$	6,627,355	\$	3,213,842	206.21%	75.24%
2017	0.04729%		6,289,728		3,026,147	207.85%	74.42%
2016	0.04972%		6,690,690		3,025,224	221.16%	72.23%
2015	0.04868%		5,578,394		2,914,162	191.42%	75.13%
2014	0.04508%		4,698,399		2,646,589	177.53%	76.31%

^{*}Information for the multiple-employer cost-sharing benefit pension plan is not available for years prior to the year ended June 30, 2014. As information becomes available, this schedule will ultimately present information for the ten most recent fiscal years.

MULTI-EMPLOYER COST-SHARING DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF STATUTORILY REQUIRED CONTRIBUTION INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 AND LAST NINE FISCAL YEARS¹

			Cont	ributions in					
			relat	ion to the				Contrib	utions as
	St	atutorily	Sta	atutorily	Conti	ribution		a Perce	entage of
	R	equired	R	equired	Defi	ciency	Covered	Cov	vered
Valuation Date	Cor	ntribution	Cor	ntribution	(Ex	cess)	Payroll	Pa	yroll
2019	\$	481,535	\$	481,535	\$	-	\$ 3,431,730		14.03%
2018		450,822		450,822		-	3,213,842		14.03%
2017		424,487		424,487		-	3,026,147		14.03%
2016		421,540		421,540		-	3,025,224		13.93%
2015		375,695		375,695		-	2,914,162		12.89%

All contributions shown reflect employer-paid contributions only. Member contributions are excluded. All values are restated due to GASB No. 82, which classifies contributions as member contributions for the purposes of GASB No. 68 if they are made by an employer to satisfy what are actually deemed to be member contribution requirements.

^{1.} Information for the multiple-employer cost-sharing benefit pension plan is not available for years prior to the year ended June 30, 2015. As information becomes available, this schedule will ultimately present information for the ten most recent fiscal years.

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS RETIREE HEALTH PROGRAM PLAN JUNE 30, 2019 LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS*

	-	ting Fiscal Year	-	rting Fiscal Year	
		ement Date)	(Measurement Date)		
		2018		2019	•
	(2	(2017)		2018)	_
Total OPEB Liability					
Service Cost	\$	315,889	\$	304,386	
Interest Cost		106,452		128,865	
Changes Of Benefit Terms		-		-	
Benefit Payments		(2,620)		3,337	**
Assumption Changes		(518,643)		(291,766)	
Plan Experience		(25,542)		(1,408,068)	
Net change in total OPEB liability		(124,464)		(1,263,246)	
Total OPEB liability - beginning		3,417,984		3,293,520	
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	\$	3,293,520	\$	2,030,274	
Plan fiduciary net position Employer contributions Net investment income	\$	2,620	\$	(3,337)	
Benefit payments		(2,620)		3,337	
Investment experience		-		-	
Net change in plan fiduciary net position Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		-		-	
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	-	\$	-	
Net OPEB liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	3,293,520	\$	2,030,274	•
Covered-employee payroll	\$	3,135,190	\$	3,238,588	
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll		105.05%		62.69%	

^{*}GASB Statement No. 75 requires ten years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District will present the information for those years for which information is available.

^{**}Retiree premium contributions received exceeded the claims payable resulting in a negative payment for Fiscal Year 2018.

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS PUBLIC EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PROGRAM JUNE 30, 2019 LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS*

	Re	porting Fiscal Year	Rep	oorting Fiscal Year	
	(Mea	surement Date)	(Measurement Date)		
	(2018	(2019	
		(2017)		(2018)	
Total OPEB Liability					
Service Cost	\$	-	\$	-	
Interest Cost		6,822		4,602	
Changes Of Benefit Terms		-		-	
Benefit Payments		(6,105)		(6,355)	
Assumption Changes		(24,751)		(104,971)	
Plan Experience		(1,828)		(168)	
Net change in total OPEB liability		(25,862)		(106,892)	
Total OPEB liability - beginning		242,268		216,406	
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	\$	216,406	\$	109,514	
DI CI :					
Plan fiduciary net position		6.405	4		
Employer contributions	\$	6,105	\$	6,355	
Net investment income		- (0.407)		- ()	
Benefit payments		(6,105)		(6,355)	
Investment experience		-			
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		-		-	
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		-			
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	-	\$		
Net OPEB liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	216,406	\$	109,514	
Covered-employee payroll		N/A**		N/A**	
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered					
payroll		0.00%		0.00%	

^{*}GASB Statement No. 75 requires ten years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District will present the information for those years for which information is available.

^{**}The Public Employee Benefit Program is a closed plan and, therefore, there is not covered-employee payroll.

SCHEDULE OF OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS RETIREE HEALTH PROGRAM PLAN JUNE 30, 2019 LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS*

		eporting Fiscal	Reporting Fiscal		
		Year	Year		
	(Me	asurement Date)	(Measuremen	t Date)	
		2018	2019		
		(2017)	(2018)		
Contractually required contributions Contributions in relation to the	\$	2,620	\$	(3,337) **	
contractually required contributions		(2,620)		3,337	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-	
Covered-employee payroll	\$	3,238,588	\$ 3,	477,361	
Contibutions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll		0.08%		-0.10%	

^{*}GASB Statement No. 75 requires ten years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District will present the information for those years for which information is available.

^{**}Retiree premium contributions received exceeded the claims payable resulting in a negative payment for Fiscal Year 2018.

SCHEDULE OF OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS PUBLIC EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PROGRAM JUNE 30, 2019 LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS*

	Re	porting Fiscal	Reporting Fiscal		
		Year	Year	t Date)	
	(Mea	surement Date)	(Measuremen		
		2018	2019		
		(2017)	(2018)		
Contractually required contribution	\$	6,105	\$	6,355	
Contributions in relation to the					
contractually required contributions		(6,105)		(6,355)	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-	
Covered-employee payroll		N/A**	N/A**		
Contibutions as a percentage of covered					
payroll		0.00%		0.00%	

^{*}GASB Statement No. 75 requires ten years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District will present the information for those years for which information is available.

^{**}The Public Employee Benefit Program is a closed plan and, therefore, there is not covered-employee payroll.

HENDERSON DISTRICT PUBLIC LIBRARIES NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 1 – Multiple-Employer Cost-Sharing Defined Pension Plan

For the year ended June 30, 2019, there were no changes in the pension benefit plan terms to the actuarial methods and assumptions used in the actuarial valuation report dated June 30, 2018.

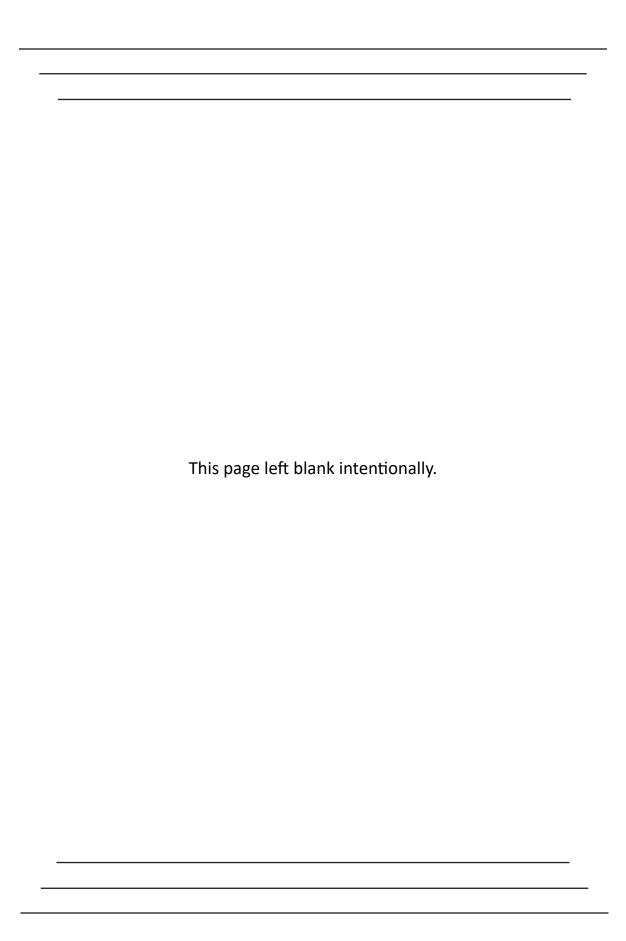
NOTE 2 – Other Post Employee Benefits - Factors that Affect Trends

The following changes were made since the prior valuation:

- 1. The discount rate was updated based on the municipal bond rate as of June 30, 2018.
- 2. The termination rates and retirement rates were updated based on the 2018 Nevada PERS Actuarial Valuation results.
- 3. The marriage assumption was updated to reflect the most recent participant experience.
- 4. Aging factors were updated based on the 2013 Society of Actuaries study.
- 5. The mortality tables were updated to utilize the RP 2014 with the MP-2018 improvement scales.
- 6. The salary scale assumption was updated to 3.0%

NOTE 3 – Other Post Employee Benefits - Plan Assets

There are no assets accumulated in a trust that meet the criteria in GASB 75 (paragraph 4) to pay related benefits.

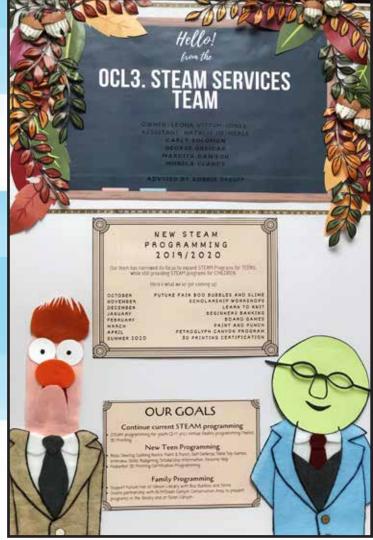


MAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

To account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the improvement, acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

NONMAJOR CONTRIBUTIONS AND GRANTS FUND

To account for and report donations and grants that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for specific purpose generally dictated by the donor or the grant award.



OCL3. STEAM SERVICES TEAM: This team has narrowed its focus to expand STEAM programs for teens, while still providing STEAM programs for children and families. Programming is planned through summer 2020.

HENDERSON DISTRICT PUBLIC LIBRARIES

MAJOR - CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND - CAPITAL CONSTRUCTION FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

REVENUES Miscellaneous: Investment income \$ 15,000 \$ 45,864 \$ 30,864 EXPENDITURES Current: Culture and recreation: Services and supplies 300,000 10,410 289,590 Capital outlay 300,000 - 300,000 Total expenditures 600,000 10,410 589,590 (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES (UNDER) EXPENDITURES (585,000) 35,454 620,454 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES: Transfers in 500,000 500,000 - Proceeds from sales of capital assets - - - Total other financing sources 500,000 500,000 - Net change in fund balance (85,000) 535,454 620,454 Fund balance, beginning of year 1,337,000 1,376,698 39,698 Fund balance and of year 5,125,000 5,1912,152 5,660,152		Original and Final <u>Budget</u>	Actual <u>Amounts</u>		Variance with Original and Final Budget	
Investment income \$ 15,000 \$ 45,864 \$ 30,864	REVENUES					
EXPENDITURES Current: Culture and recreation: Services and supplies 300,000 10,410 289,590 Capital outlay 300,000 - 300,000 Total expenditures 600,000 10,410 589,590 (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES (UNDER) EXPENDITURES (585,000) 35,454 620,454 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES: Transfers in 500,000 500,000 - Proceeds from sales of capital assets Total other financing sources 500,000 500,000 - Net change in fund balance (85,000) 535,454 620,454 Fund balance, beginning of year 1,337,000 1,376,698 39,698	Miscellaneous:					
Current: Culture and recreation: 300,000 10,410 289,590 Capital outlay 300,000 - 300,000 Total expenditures 600,000 10,410 589,590 (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES (585,000) 35,454 620,454 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES: Transfers in 500,000 500,000 - Proceeds from sales of capital assets - - - - Total other financing sources 500,000 500,000 - - Net change in fund balance (85,000) 535,454 620,454 Fund balance, beginning of year 1,337,000 1,376,698 39,698	Investment income	\$ 15,000	\$	45,864	\$	30,864
Culture and recreation: Services and supplies 300,000 10,410 289,590 Capital outlay 300,000 - 300,000 Total expenditures 600,000 10,410 589,590 (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES (UNDER) EXPENDITURES (585,000) 35,454 620,454 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES: Transfers in 500,000 500,000 - Proceeds from sales of capital assets - - - Total other financing sources 500,000 500,000 - Net change in fund balance (85,000) 535,454 620,454 Fund balance, beginning of year 1,337,000 1,376,698 39,698	EXPENDITURES					
Services and supplies 300,000 10,410 289,590 Capital outlay 300,000 - 300,000 Total expenditures 600,000 10,410 589,590 (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES (UNDER) EXPENDITURES (585,000) 35,454 620,454 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES: Transfers in Proceeds from sales of capital assets - - - - Total other financing sources 500,000 500,000 - - Net change in fund balance (85,000) 535,454 620,454 Fund balance, beginning of year 1,337,000 1,376,698 39,698	Current:					
Capital outlay 300,000 - 300,000 Total expenditures 600,000 10,410 589,590 (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES (UNDER) EXPENDITURES (585,000) 35,454 620,454 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES: Transfers in Proceeds from sales of capital assets - - - - Total other financing sources 500,000 500,000 - - Net change in fund balance (85,000) 535,454 620,454 Fund balance, beginning of year 1,337,000 1,376,698 39,698	Culture and recreation:					
Total expenditures 600,000 10,410 589,590 (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES (UNDER) EXPENDITURES (585,000) 35,454 620,454 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES: Transfers in Proceeds from sales of capital assets 500,000 500,000 - Total other financing sources 500,000 500,000 - Net change in fund balance Fund balance, beginning of year (85,000) 535,454 620,454 Fund balance, beginning of year 1,337,000 1,376,698 39,698	Services and supplies	300,000		10,410		289,590
(DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES (585,000) 35,454 620,454 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES: 500,000 500,000 - Transfers in 500,000 500,000 - Proceeds from sales of capital assets - - - Total other financing sources 500,000 500,000 - Net change in fund balance (85,000) 535,454 620,454 Fund balance, beginning of year 1,337,000 1,376,698 39,698	Capital outlay	300,000				300,000
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES (585,000) 35,454 620,454 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES: Transfers in 500,000 500,000 - Proceeds from sales of capital assets - - - - Total other financing sources 500,000 500,000 - Net change in fund balance (85,000) 535,454 620,454 Fund balance, beginning of year 1,337,000 1,376,698 39,698	Total expenditures	600,000		10,410		589,590
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES (585,000) 35,454 620,454 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES: Transfers in 500,000 500,000 - Proceeds from sales of capital assets - - - - Total other financing sources 500,000 500,000 - Net change in fund balance (85,000) 535,454 620,454 Fund balance, beginning of year 1,337,000 1,376,698 39,698	(DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES					
Transfers in 500,000 500,000 - Proceeds from sales of capital assets - - - Total other financing sources 500,000 500,000 - Net change in fund balance (85,000) 535,454 620,454 Fund balance, beginning of year 1,337,000 1,376,698 39,698	,	(585,000)		35,454		620,454
Transfers in 500,000 500,000 - Proceeds from sales of capital assets - - - Total other financing sources 500,000 500,000 - Net change in fund balance (85,000) 535,454 620,454 Fund balance, beginning of year 1,337,000 1,376,698 39,698	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES:					
Total other financing sources 500,000 500,000 - Net change in fund balance (85,000) 535,454 620,454 Fund balance, beginning of year 1,337,000 1,376,698 39,698		500,000		500,000		-
Net change in fund balance (85,000) 535,454 620,454 Fund balance, beginning of year 1,337,000 1,376,698 39,698	Proceeds from sales of capital assets	-		-		-
Fund balance, beginning of year 1,337,000 1,376,698 39,698	Total other financing sources	500,000		500,000		-
Fund balance, beginning of year 1,337,000 1,376,698 39,698	Net change in fund halance	(85,000)		535 454		620 454
				•		•
γ	Fund balance, beginning or year Fund balance, end of year	\$ 1,252,000	\$	1,912,152	\$	660,152

NONMAJOR - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - CONTRIBUTIONS AND GRANTS FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	Actual <u>Amounts</u>	Variance with <u>Final Budget</u>
REVENUES				
Intergovernmental:				
Grants, federal and state	\$ -	\$ 80,646	\$ 81,285	\$ 639
Grants, local		5,000	4,876	(124)
Miscellaneous:				
Contributions from private sources	149,700	215,700	278,839	63,139
Investment income	3,000	3,000	13,227	10,227
Other	2,000	2,000	1,736	(264)
Total revenues	154,700	306,346	379,963	73,617
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Culture and recreation:				
Services and supplies	69,126	147,323	111,861	35,462
Capital outlay	194,324	216,592	179,283	37,309
Total expenditures	263,450	363,915	291,144	72,771
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	(108,750)	(57,569)	88,819	146,388
Net change in fund balance*	(108,750)	(57,569)	88,819	146,388
Fund balance, beginning of year	304,500	304,500	318,160	13,660
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 195,750	\$ 246,931	\$ 406,979	\$ 160,048

^{*} The net change in fund balance was included in the budget as an appropriation (i.e., spenddown) of fund balance.

This part of HDPL's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about HDPL's overall financial health.

CONTENTS

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how HDPL's financial performance and well being have changed over time.

REVENUE CAPACITY......71-74

These schedules contain information to help the reader asses the factors affecting HDPL's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.

DEBT CAPACITY.......75-77

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the affordability of HDPL's current levels of outstanding debt and HDPL's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

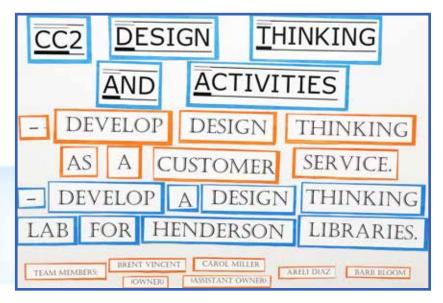
DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC INFORMATION......78-79

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environments within which HDPL's financial activities take place and to help make comparisons over time and with other governments.

OPERATING INFORMATION80-84

These schedules contain information about HDPL's operations and resources to help the reader understand how HDPL's financial information relates to the services HDPL provides and the activities it performs.

SOURCES: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports for the relevant year.



CC2 - Design Thinking and Activities: This team strives to improve customer service through design thinking and to develop a design thinking lab - Think of the possibilities!

Net Position by Components Last Ten Fiscal Years

(accrual basis of accounting)
(unaudited)

Governmental activities

	Net	Restricted by		
	investment in	grants and		
Fiscal Year	capital assets	donors	Unrestricted	Total
2010	\$ 19,098,166	\$ -	\$ 2,527,554	\$ 21,625,720
2011	18,958,442	-	1,667,718	20,626,160
2012	18,183,276	125,477	1,347,258	19,656,011
2013 ¹	17,416,700	177,901	1,380,475	18,975,076
2014 ¹	17,279,487	233,711	(4,013,566)	13,499,632
2015	18,173,212	328,177	(5,544,627)	12,956,762
2016	17,725,369	395,956	(5,707,198)	12,414,127
2017 ¹	17,084,396	224,784	(6,184,440)	11,124,740
2018	15,455,328	241,524	(5,005,347)	10,691,505
2019	14,840,342	266,148	(4,269,922)	10,836,568

¹ Restated

Changes in Net Position, Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting) (unaudited)

2019	\$ 8,999,165	\$ 8,999,165	\$ 200,431 345,810 140,862 \$ 687,103	\$ (8,312,062)	\$ 5,695,131 2,605,464 156,530 \$ 8,457,125 \$ 145,063
2018	\$ 8,840,297	\$ 8,840,297	\$ 200,238 205,940 216,591 \$ 622,769	\$ (8,217,528)	\$ 5,265,797 2,438,874 17,946 61,676 5 7,784,293 \$ (433,235)
2017 (Restated)	\$ 9,562,031	- \$ 9,562,031	\$ 202,895 321,778 216,309 \$ 740,982	\$ (8,821,049)	\$ 4,991,327 2,520,623 19,712 5 7,531,662 \$ (1,289,387)
2016	\$ 8,297,427	\$ 8,297,427	\$ 229,292 258,677 192,908 \$ 680,877	\$ (7,616,550)	\$ 4,875,965 2,188,417 9,533 5 7,073,915 \$ (542,635)
2015	\$ 8,139,743	1,754 \$ 8,141,497	\$ 206,464 360,226 230,594 \$ 797,284	\$ (7,344,213)	\$ 4,680,208 2,118,460 2,675 5 6,801,343 \$ (542,870)
2014	\$ 7,839,070	36,043 \$ 7,875,113	\$ 181,480 257,682 521,035 \$ 960,197	\$ (6,914,916)	\$ 4,714,283 1,999,330 2,086 - 2,086 - \$ 6,715,699 \$ (199,217)
2013	698'996'2	40,810 \$ 8,007,179	\$ 221,201 202,180 282,844 \$ 706,225	\$ (7,300,954)	\$ 4,750,001 1,889,946 - 1,886 - \$ 6,641,833 \$ (659,121)
2012	\$ 8,473,056	66,597	\$ 259,648 212,403 316,981 \$ 789,032	\$ (7,750,621)	\$ 4,979,157 1,800,833 482 \$ 6,780,472 \$ (970,149)
2011	\$ 8,969,464	99,103	\$ 263,212 416,669 231,452 \$ 911,333	\$ (8,157,234)	\$ 5,439,056 1,712,657 5,961 \$ 7,157,674 \$ (999,560)
2010	\$ 9,848,591	125,923 \$ 9,974,514	\$ 292,907 128,735 350,133 \$ 771,775	\$ (9,202,739)	\$ 6,527,652 1,643,082 1,315,504 22,788 2,000,000 \$ 11,509,023 \$ 2,306,284
	Expenses Governmental activities: Culture and recreation Debt service:	Interest on long-term debt Total governmental activities expenses	Program Revenues Governmental activities: Charges for services Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions Total governmental activities program revenues	Net (Expense)/Revenue, governmental activities	General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position Governmental activities: Taxes Ad valorem taxes Consolidated taxes Gain on sale of asset Investment earnings Extraordinary item Proceeds from early termination of lease Total governmental activities Changes in Net Position, governmental activities

¹ Increase due to the sale of the James I. Gibson Library building to the City of Henderson and the early termination of the 99-year land lease on which the building was located.

Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) (unaudited)

General Fund	2010	20111	2012	2013		2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Reserved	\$ 101,652	- \$	- \$	- \$		- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$
Unreserved	1,339,154	,	•	,				•	•	,
Nonspendable	•	53,572	18,924	70,121		44,906	100,258	73,992	75,257	61,553
Assigned	•	462,449	339,913	109,447		93,000	100,000	424,500	373,000	662,000
Unassigned	,	1,720,692	2,211,733	2,743,381		2,166,494	2,480,675	2,995,391	3,393,545	3,476,616
Total General Fund	\$ 1,440,806	\$ 2,236,713	\$ 2,570,570	\$ 2,922,949	\$ 1,943,758	\$ 2,304,400	\$ 2,680,933	\$ 3,493,883	\$ 3,841,802	\$ 4,200,169
All Other Governmental Funds										
Reserved	- \$	· \$	· \$	- \$	- \$	· \$	- \$	· \$	· \$	- \$
Unreserved, reported in:										
Special Revenue Funds	145,521	•	,	•	,	,	,	•	•	
Capital Projects Funds	1,548,009				•					
Debt Service Funds	319,829		•	•	•	,	,			
Nonspendable	,	•		3,187		,	,	2,685	•	
Restricted	•	117,806		177,901		328,177	197,978	224,784	241,524	266,148
Assigned	•	702,820	614,774	096'059	1,822,817	230,455	119,168	172,384	1,453,334	4 2,052,983 5
Total All Other Governmental Funds	2,013,359	820,626	l	832,048	-	558,632	317,146	399,853	1,694,858	2,319,131
Total All Governmental Funds	\$ 3,454,165	\$ 3,057,339	l	\$ 3,754,997	-	\$ 2,863,032	\$ 2,998,079	\$ 3,893,736	\$ 5,536,660	\$ 6,519,300

Notes:

¹ In fiscal year 2011, the District implemented GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. This statement redefined the dassifications of fund balance.

² The decrease in the unassigned fund balance of the General Fund and the increase in the assigned fund balance of the Debt Service Fund was due to a transfer between the funds. The transfer was done in anticipation of the early payoff of the outstanding debt done in July 2014.

³ The decrease in the assigned fund balance of the Debt Service Fund was due to the payoff of the outstanding debt done in July 2014.

⁴ The increase in the assigned fund balance of the Capital Construction Fund was due to the proceeds received from the sale of the Malcolm Library building. The proceeds were assigned for future capital

improvements.
⁵ The increase in the assigned fund balance of the Capital Construction Fund was a transfer from the General Fund for future construction projects.

Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(modified accrual basis of accounting)
(unaudited)

Dougon	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 6,527,652	\$ 5,439,056	\$ 4,979,157	\$ 4,750,001	\$ 4,636,794	\$ 4,692,251	\$ 4,876,936	\$ 4,985,237	\$ 5,269,078	\$ 5,689,648
Consolidated taxes	1,643,082		1,800,833	1,889,946	1,999,330					
Grants	140,666	257,764	93,686	35,472	46,912	96,374	46,197	22,457	37,086	86,161
Fines and forfeits	162,321	167,812	156,290	155,588	157,630	149,798	142,080	140,707	129,848	117,668
Contributions	53,786	204,473	169,494	189,890	512,148	265,288	241,370	307,919	224,912	278,839
Investment income	22,785	5,961	482	1,886	2,086	2,675	9,533	19,712	61,676	156,530
Other income	130,586	95,400	83,543	58,079	51,199	999'95	60,166	62,188	70,390	82,763
Total revenues	8,680,878	7,883,123	7,283,485	7,080,862	7,406,099	7,381,512	7,564,699	8,058,843	8,231,864	9,017,073
Expenditures										
Culture and recreation:	000	1000	9	9	() () ()	0	0		0	,
salaries and wages	4,298,537	3,633,975	3,380,183	3,198,403	3,154,235	3,433,852	3,599,075	3,638,969	3,760,059	4,016,536
Employee benefits	1,325,451	1,213,601	1,208,696	1,159,702	1,197,711	1,291,831	1,384,304	1,355,343	1,491,277	1,563,153
Services and supplies	1,882,852	1,605,701	1,394,534	1,324,077	1,356,385	1,425,068	1,409,465	1,308,336	1,450,688	1,519,301
Capital outlay	3,903,241	803,769	878,014	740,397	1,239,378	845,895	1,063,854	860,538	818,432	935,443
Debt Service:										
Interest	125,923	99,103	63,376	41,407	36,201	4,220	•		,	•
Principal	346,400	923,800	2,015,000	172,300	177,500	1,517,900	,	,		•
Administrative and other costs	300		400	400	400					
Total expenditures	11,882,704	8,279,949	8,940,203	6,636,686	7,161,810	8,518,766	7,456,698	7,163,186	7,520,456	8,034,433
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(3,201,826)	(396,826)	(1,656,718)	444,176	244,289	(1,137,254)	108,001	895,657	711,408	982,640
Other Financing Sources										
Proceeds from refunding Proceeds from sales of capital assets	2,000,000		1,867,700 42,500		1,000		27,046		931,516	
Total other financing sources	2,000,000		1,910,200		1,000		27,046		931,516	
Extraordinary Item Proceeds from early termination of lease	2,000,000			,	,					
Net change in fund balance	\$ 798,174	(396,826)	\$ 253,482	\$ 444,176	\$ 245,289	\$ (1,137,254)	\$ 135,047	\$ 895,657	\$ 1,642,924	\$ 982,640
Debt Service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	5.9%	13.7%	25.8%	3.6%	3.6%	19.8%	0.0%	0.0%	%0:0	%0.0

Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

(unaudited)

Total	Direct	Tax Rate	0.0581	0.0577	0.0575	0.0586	0.0585	0.0593	0.0594	0.0602	0.0604	0.0604
Percentage of Taxable Assessed Value	to Estimated Actual	Taxable Value	35%	35%	35%	35%	35%	35%	35%	35%	35%	35%
tal	Estimated	Actual Value	38,113,514,159,761 \$ 38,611,885,031	28,295,137,155	25,346,722,146	23,448,770,494	24,185,200,774	27,927,507,637	31,307,410,897	34,226,268,520	36,902,766,020	39,178,965,015
Total	Assessed	Value	\$ 13,514,159,761	9,903,298,004	8,871,352,751	8,207,069,673	8,464,820,271	9,774,627,673	10,957,593,814	11,979,193,982	12,915,968,107	13,712,637,755
Personal Property	Estimated	Actual Value	482,709,443 \$ 1,379,169,837	1,159,479,809	968,485,549	1,139,793,697	1,270,912,297	1,358,846,340	1,666,898,523	1,760,233,377	2,094,682,703	2,336,340,366
Personal	Assessed	Value	\$ 482,709,443	405,817,933	338,969,942	398,927,794	444,819,304	475,596,219	583,414,483	616,081,682	733,138,946	817,719,128
perty	Estimated	Value	\$ 37,232,715,194	27,135,657,346	24,378,236,597	22,308,976,797	22,914,288,477	26,568,661,297	29,640,512,374	32,466,035,143	34,808,083,317	36,842,624,649
Real Property	Assessed	Value	.009-2010 \$ 13,031,450,318 \$ 37,232,715,194	9,497,480,071	8,532,382,809	7,808,141,879	8,020,000,967	9,299,031,454	10,374,179,331	11,363,112,300	12,182,829,161	12,894,918,627
	Fiscal	Year	2009-2010	2010-2011	2011-2012	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019

Source: Clark County Assessor's Office

Note: Property is reassessed each year. The county assesses property at 35 percent of actual value. Estimated actual value is calculated by dividing assessed value by that percentage. Tax rates are per \$100 of assessed value.

Ad Valorem Property Tax Rates - Direct and Overlapping ¹ Governments

Last Ten Fiscal Years (unaudited)

	Total	Direct &	Overlapping	Rates	2.9064	2.9030	2.8958	2.8969	2.8968	2.8976	2.8977	2.8985	2.8987	2.8989
Ī		Total	Overlapping	Rates	2.8483	2.8453	2.8383	2.8383						
		Other	Special	District	0.0100	0.0070 2	ı	ı	1	ı	1	1	ı	•
ig Rates				City	0.7108	0.7108	0.7108	0.7108	0.7108	0.7108	0.7108	0.7108	0.7108	0.7108
Overlapping Rates				County	0.6541	0.6541	0.6541	0.6541	0.6541	0.6541	0.6541	0.6541	0.6541	0.6541
			School	District	1.3034	1.3034	1.3034	1.3034	1.3034	1.3034	1.3034	1.3034	1.3034	1.3034
			State of	Nevada	0.1700	0.1700	0.1700	0.1700	0.1700	0.1700	0.1700	0.1700	0.1700	0.1700
Libraries		Total	Direct	Rate	0.0581	0.0577	0.0575	0.0586	0.0585	0.0593	0.0594	0.0602	0.0604	0.0606
Henderson District Public Libraries			Debt	Service	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı
Henderson				Operating	0.0581	0.0577	0.0575	0.0586	0.0585	0.0593	0.0594	0.0602	0.0604	0.0606
				Fiscal Year	2009-2010	2010-2011	2011-2012	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019

Source: State of Nevada Department of Taxation's "Local Government Finance Redbook"

 $^{^1}$ Per \$100 of assessed value, constitutional limit is generally \$3.64 on any one area's combined tax rate.

 $^{^{\}rm 2}$ Tax rate expired in fiscal year 2011.

Principal Property Taxpayers
Current Year and Nine Years Ago
(unaudited)

1.04% 1.27% 0.65% 0.37% 0.00% 1.91% 1.26% 1.14% 0.81% 0.69% 9.14% Percentage Valuation Assessed of Total Fiscal Year 2010 Rank 2 **σ** ε 4 9 ∞ 88,450,975 141,168,230 257,840,183 52,544,212 170,292,556 171,571,613 108,819,815 93,862,344 1,288,693,373 153,873,428 50,270,017 Valuation Assessed S 5.21% 1.61% 0.63% 0.51% 0.71% 0.31% 0.25% 0.23% 0.40% 0.37% 0.19% Percentage Assessed Valuation of Total Fiscal Year 2019 Rank 2 9 ∞ 69,974,609 33,616,070 32,197,879 85,908,722 97,561,331 55,154,334 50,619,401 42,586,892 25,838,758 713,971,083 220,513,087 Valuation Assessed Ranch Center Associates Limited Partnership Richard C. MacDonald Properties Basic Management Incorporated Lake at Las Vegas Joint Ventures **Green Valley Ranch Gaming LLC** Harsch Investment Properties Universal Health Services, Inc Molashy Group of Companies Station Casinos Incorporated Marnell Corrao Associates Picerne Real Estate Group Langdon Street Capital Focus Property Group Ascaya Incorporated W.L. Nevada, Inc M Resort

Source: Clark County Assessor's Office

Total Assessed Valuation

\$ 13,514,159,761

\$ 13,712,637,755

Ad Valorem Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

(unaudited)

	Total Collections to Date	Percentage of the	Current Levy ¹	%98'66	%26.66	%26.66	%26.66	%26.66	%26.66	%26.66	%96'66	%98.66	99.40%
- C	lotal Collect		Amount	97,645,336	76,079,304	68,048,089	62,519,364	63,158,335	66,766,311	71,307,617	74,452,544	80,800,111	88,354,151
				Ş									
: : : : :	Collections	in Subsequent	Years	8,586,856	6,521,720	5,729,570	517,757	412,996	4,680,417	378,496	371,348	321,403	ı
(J	.⊑		\$									
within	Year	Percentage	of the Levy	91.07%	91.40%	91.55%	99.14%	99.32%	95.96%	99.44%	99.46%	99.46%	99.40%
Collected within	tne Levy Year		Amount	89,058,480	69,557,584	62,318,519	62,001,607	62,745,339	62,085,894	70,929,121	74,081,196	80,478,708	88,354,151
				\$									
			Levy	97,786,757	76,105,424	68,067,035	62,538,047	63,174,826	66,785,543	71,329,129	74,485,288	80,913,731	88,888,150
				\$									
		Fiscal	Year	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019

Notes:

Source: Clark County Treasurer's Office

 $^{^{1}\,\}mathrm{Figured}$ on collections to net levy (actual levy less stricken taxes).

Ratios of Outstanding Debt Last Ten Fiscal Years (unaudited)

Debt as a Percentage of Estimated Actual	Value of	Taxable Property	0.01%	0.01%	0.01%	0.01%	0.01%	%00.0	%00.0	%00.0	%00.0	%00.0
Estimated Actual Value	of Taxable	Property ³	\$ 38,611,885,031	28,295,137,155	25,346,722,146	23,448,770,494	24,185,200,774	27,927,507,637	31,307,410,897	34,226,268,520	36,902,766,020	39,178,965,014
Debt as a Percentage	of Personal	Income	0.03%	0.02%	0.02%	0.02%	0.02%	%00.0	%00.0	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
	Personal	Income ²	\$ 10,003,816,464	8,841,491,222	8,846,208,756	8,690,214,958	9,039,623,004	8,355,722,814	8,775,373,195	9,658,153,376	10,501,006,590	11,596,051,390
Debt	per	Capita	\$ 10.65	7.26	96.9	6.28	5.44	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı
		$Population^1$	276,065	277,502	268,301	269,916	279,226	286,273	291,432	299,278	307,928	314,414
General	Obligation	Bonds	\$ 2,938,800	2,015,000	1,867,700	1,695,400	1,517,900	ı	ı	ı	ı	1
	Fiscal	Year	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019

Sources:

 $^{^{1}\}mathrm{City}$ of Henderson Community Development Department

²Applied Analysis, 6385 S. Rainbow Blvd, Suite 105, Las Vegas, NV 89118 or www.appliedanalysis.com

³Clark County Assessor's Office

Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt
As of June 30, 2019
(unaudited)

ı	1				1		11
Applicable Net Governmental Activities Debt			71,270,555	445,968,322	95,247,332	612,486,209	612,486,209
	❖						❖
Percentage Applicable*	100.00%		15.47%	15.47%	100.00%		
Net Governmental Activities Debt			460,701,715	2,882,794,580	95,247,332	3,438,743,627	3,438,743,627
0 4	❖						❖
Less Debt Service Fund Balance	.		138,610,285	129,400,774	8,132,599	276,143,658	\$ 276,143,658
Governmental Activities Debt	- \$		599,312,000	3,012,195,354	103,379,931	3,714,887,285	\$ 3,714,887,285
	Direct Debt Henderson District Public Libraries	Overlapping Debt	Clark County [⊥]	Clark County School District ²	City of Henderson ³	Total Overlapping Debt	Total Direct and Overlapping Debt

Sources:

of outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of the District. This process recognizes that, when considering Note: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the library district. This schedule estimates the portion the government's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident, and therefore responsible for repaying debt, of each overlapping government. *The percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using taxable assessed property values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of the county's taxable assessed value that is within the government's boundaries and dividing it by the county's total taxable assessed value. The exception to this is the City of Henderson. The boundaries of the District are contiguous with the City of Henderson, therefore the residents and businesses of the District are responsible for the entire debt of the City of Henderson.

¹ Clark County Assessor's Office

² Clark County School District Finance Department

³ City of Henderson Finance Department

Debt Limit Information
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(unaudited)

Fiscal Year

	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14		2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19
Assessed valuation Debt limit - 10% of	\$ 13,514,159,761	13,514,159,761 \$ 9,903,298,004 \$ 8,871	\$ 8,871,352,751	\$ 8,207,069,673	3 \$ 8,464,820,271		\$ 9,774,627,673	\$ 10,957,593,814	\$ 11,979,193,982	\$ 12,915,968,107	\$ 13,712,637,755
assessed value Debt outstanding	1,351,415,976	990,329,800	887,135,275	820,706,967	7 846,482,027	,027	977,462,767	1,095,759,381	1,197,919,398	1,291,596,811	1,371,263,776
applicable to the limit	2,938,800	2,015,000	1,867,700	1,695,400	0 1,517,900	006					
Legal debt margin	\$ 1,348,477,176	1,348,477,176 \$ 988,314,800 \$ 885,267,575	\$ 885,267,575	\$ 819,011,567	\$	\$	977,462,767	\$ 1,095,759,381	\$ 1,197,919,398	\$ 1,291,596,811	\$ 1,371,263,776
Legal debt margin as a percentage of debt limit		%08'66 %	%62.66	%67.66		99.82%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%

Demographic and Economic Information Last Ten Fiscal Years

(unaudited)

	City of Henderson	Personal	er Capita Personal	Clark County Unemployment	Clark County School
Fiscal Year	Population ¹	Income ²	Income	Rate ³	Enrollment ⁴
2009-2010	276,065	\$ 10,003,816,464	\$ 36,237	14.60%	309,476
2010-2011	277,502	8,841,491,222	31,861	13.80%	309,893
2011-2012	268,301	8,846,208,756	32,971	12.20%	308,447
2012-2013	269,916	8,690,214,958	32,196	10.10%	311,429
2013-2014	279,226	9,039,623,004	32,374	7.90%	315,087
2014-2015	286,273	8,355,722,814	29,188	7.00%	318,040
2015-2016	291,432	8,775,373,195	30,111	6.90%	319,713
2016-2017	299,278	9,658,153,376	32,272	5.10%	320,559
2017-2018	307,928	10,501,006,590	34,102	4.70%	321,648
2018-2019	314,414	11,596,051,390	36,881	4.80%	319,257

Sources:

¹City of Henderson Community Development Department

²Applied Analysis, 6385 S. Rainbow Blvd, Suite 105, Las Vegas, NV 89118 or www.appliedanalysis.com

³Nevada Department of Employment Security

⁴Clark County School District (4th Week) - Public School Enrollment Only

Principal Employers
Current Year and Nine Years Ago
(unaudited)

	Fis	Fiscal Year 2019	19	Fis	Fiscal Year 2010	10
			Percentage of Total City			Percentage of Total City
Employer	Employees ¹	Rank	Employment	Employees ¹	Rank	Employment
City of Henderson	3,114	1	2.03%	2,963	П	2.37%
Barclays Services, LLC	1,000-4,999	2	.65%-3.26%	-		!
Green Valley Ranch Station Casino	1,000-4,999	3	.65%-3.26%	1,500-1,999	33	1.20%-1.60%
St. Rose Dominican Hospital - Siena	1,000-4,999	4	.65%-3.26%	1,500-1,999	2	1.20%-1.60%
Sunset Station Hotel & Casino	1,000-4,999	2	.65%-3.26%	1,000-1,499	2	.80%-1.20%
CaptionCall, LLC	500-999	9	.33%65%	!		-
Fiesta Lake Mead Station	500-999	7	.33%65%	500-599	10	.40%48%
Henderson Hospital	500-999	∞	.33%65%	-		-
St. Rose Dominican Hospital-Rose de Lima	200-999	6	.33%65%	800-899	7	.64%72%
M Resort Spa & Casino	500-999	10	.33%65%	1,000-1,499	4	.80%-1.20%
Medco Health LLC	!		!	800-899	9	.64%72%
Zappos.com			1	669-009	∞	.48%56%
Wal-Mart Superstore	-		-	500-599	6	.40%48%

Sources:

Applied Analysis, 6385 S. Rainbow Blvd, Suite 105, Las Vegas, NV 89118 or www.appliedanalysis.com. $^{1}\mathrm{City}$ of Henderson - City of Henderson Finance Department; all others from For privacy purposes, exact employment numbers are unavailable.

Full-Time Equivalent Employees by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years (unaudited)

1				Full-time Equiv	uivalent Em	ployees as o	yees as of June 30			
	2010	2011	2012	2013 1	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
	17.5	13.5	13.5		15.0	15.5	15.0		16.5	16.5
	30.0	29.0	25.0		25.5	24.5	26.0		26.0	25.5
	4.0	4.0	4.0		-					l
	19.0	17.5	16.0		14.5	14.5	15.0		15.0	14.5
	9.0	7.0	7.0		6.5	6.5	5.5		5.5	5.5
	10.5	9.5	9.5		8.0	8.0	7.0		8.0	8.0
	5.0	0.9	0.9		0.9	0.9	0.9		0.9	0.9
	95.0	86.5	81.0	71.5	75.5	75.0	74.5	76.5	77.0	76.0

Notes:

 $^{^1}$ HDPL closed two smaller libraries and discontinued outreach services during fiscal year 2013. Staff from those locations/department were relocated into vacant positions at remaining locations or laid off.

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Library Materials and Circulation Summary
Last Ten Fiscal Years

(unaudited)

T	Rate ²				3.38				4.71		5.22
Number		1,842,395									
Net Book	value oi Collections ¹	\$ 3,110,637	2,754,585	2,429,447	2,171,676	2,083,824	2,123,562	2,190,116	2,129,574	2,071,672	2,121,770
Cost of	Uisposed Items	\$ (823,927)	(723,329)	(663,732)	(939,095)	(1,148,570)	(1,303,928)	(1,109,486)	(1,229,743)	(647,072)	(1,503,253)
Cost of	Acquisitions	\$ 1,057,625	938,945	955,418	965,768	966,594	1,016,608	1,035,222	927,380	924,412	1,024,142
Cost of		\$ 9,718,896								9,640,646	9,917,986
	Owned	489,104	497,151	509,313	502,930	486,129	474,508	392,978	357,399	335,440	326,406
	Fiscal Year	2009-2010	2010-2011	2011-2012	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019

Notes:

 $^{^{1} \}mathrm{Net}$ book value represents total acquisition cost of circulating materials less depreciation to date.

²Turnover rate is the number of times an item is checked out. This is an average of publicly circulating items in the total collection.

Circulation by Location Last Ten Fiscal Years (unaudited)

Total	1,842,395	1,812,475	1,777,626	1,701,858	1,696,453	1,723,783	1,697,746	1,683,276	1,626,074	1,704,345
Remote Services ¹										
Pittman Library	-	!	!	!	!	!	!			!
Paseo Verde Library	874,057	813,516	785,748	827,457	835,318	840,173	831,912	820,399	839,287	851,481
Lydia Malcolm Library	145,863	129,785	128,926	51,974 4	-	!	-		-	
James I. Gibson Library	360,198	430,597	431,238	417,838	395,951	370,030	348,143	337,697	335,737	335,543
Heritage Park Senior Facility Library	5,590 ²	11,537	11,381	10,166	10,129	7,368	8,550	7,140	6,251	5,081
Green Valley Library	433,731	388,131	341,536	308,647	300,809	285,222	273,242	269,988	258,882	244,853
Galleria Library	15,688	17,423	15,570	6,267 4	!	!	!	1	1	
Fiscal Year	2009-2010	2010-2011	2011-2012	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019

Notes

Remote Services includes e-books, remote deposit collections, downloadable materials, and the bookmobile. The remote deposit collections were available between fiscal year 2006 and fiscal year 2013; the bookmobile operated between fiscal year 2006 and fiscal year 2011; and the District expanded its available downloadable books and music during fiscal year 2011.

²The Heritage Park Senior Facility Library opened in January 2010.

³The James I. Gibson Library was closed for six weeks while the library was relocated to a new building.

⁴The Galleria Library and the Lydia Malcolm Library were closed in November 2012 due to lack of funding.

Service Location Information Last Ten Fiscal Years (unaudited)

	2018-19		21,410	1,829	19,900		43,313
	2017-18		21,410	1,829	19,900		43,313
	2016-17		21,410	1,829	19,900	6,030	43,313
ar-End	2015-16		21,410	1,829	19,900	6,030	43,313
Square Footage as of Fiscal Year-End	2014-15		21,410	1,829	19,900	6,030	43,313
re Footage a	2013-14		21,410	1,829	19,900	6,030	43,313
Squa	2012-13		21,410	1,829	19,900	6,030	43,313
	2011-12	1,342	21,410	1,829	19,900	6,030	43,313
	2010-11	1,342	21,410	1,829	19,900	6,030	43,313
	2009-10	1,342	21,410	1,829	19,900	6,030	43,313
Current	Status	Leased ¹	Owned	Occupied ²	Owned	Sold³	Owned
	Current Address	1300 W. Sunset Rd, Ste 1121 Henderson, NV 89014	2797 N Green Valley Pkwy Henderson, NV 89014	300 S Racetrack Road Henderson, NV 89015	100 W Lake Mead Parkway Henderson, NV 89015	2960 Sunridge Heights Pkwy Henderson, NV 89074	280 S Green Valley Pkwy Henderson, NV 89012
	231q V qq1 1	<u>Libranico</u> Galleria Library	Green Valley Library	Heritage Park Senior Facility Library	James I Gibson Library	Lydia Malcolm Library	Paseo Verde Library

Notes:

 $^{^1}$ Library services at the Galleria Library were discontinued in November 2012 and the lease was terminated.

²The Heritage Park Senior Facility Library is located in the Heritage Senior Facility as a joint partnership with the City of Henderson. The City owns the facility, while the District operates a library

in a portion of the facility.

³Library services at the Lydia Malcolm Library were discontinued in November 2012. HDPL sold the building in February 2018.

General Fund Percentage of Operating Expenditures Spent on Library Books and Materials Last Ten Fiscal Years

(unaudited)

								Total	
			Les	s Capital		Total	Libr	ary Books	Percentage of
		Total	Out	lay Other	C	Operating	and	Materials	Total Operating
	Ex	penditures	tha	ın Books	Ex	penditures	Exp	enditures	Expenditures
2009-2010	\$	7,558,213	\$	(34,246)	\$	7,523,967	\$	693,245	9.21%
2010-2011		6,775,880		(19,859)		6,756,021		585,469	8.67%
2011-2012		6,443,582		(15,070)		6,428,512		533,857	8.30%
2012-2013		6,281,241		(37,194)		6,244,047		597,903	9.58%
2013-2014		6,254,734		(38,945)		6,215,789		620,211	9.98%
2014-2015		6,599,601		(17,456)		6,582,145		535,482	8.14%
2015-2016		6,821,292		(7,950)		6,813,342		489,095	7.18%
2016-2017		6,709,174		(48,990)		6,660,184		495,575	7.44%
2017-2018		7,102,311		(33,582)		7,068,729		588,694	8.33%
2018-2019		7,732,879		(29,895)		7,702,984		726,265	9.43%



SI 1. Service Development and Sunsetting Gayle Hornaday (Menter) Jayson Villerius (Osmas) Jamile Constitution Quarial Constitution Quarial Constitution Quarial Constitution Quarial Constitution Quarial Constitution Create an emili survey that will poll HDPI staff about possible orograms and policies that should be sunsetted. Utilize the information from the email survey and from individual investigations to create a deadwood removal plan.

SI 1 - Service Development and Sunsetting. This initiative team develops a path to evaluate potential policies AFTER rapid prototyping but BEFORE implementation. Programs and policies are kept fresh and relevant through sunsetting evaluation and recommendation.



Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To the Board of Trustees Henderson District Public Libraries Henderson, Nevada

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Henderson District Public Libraries, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Henderson District Public Libraries' basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 6, 2019.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Henderson District Public Libraries' internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Henderson District Public Libraries' internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Henderson District Public Libraries' internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Henderson District Public Libraries' financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

HintonBurdick, PLLC Mesquite, Nevada

inter Fundeds, PLIC

November 6, 2019





Independent Auditor's Report on State Legal Compliance

To the Board of Trustees Henderson District Public Libraries Henderson, Nevada

We have audited the basic financial statements of Henderson District Public Libraries, for the year ended June 30, 2019, and have issued our report thereon dated November 6, 2019. Our audit also included test work on Henderson District Public Libraries' compliance with selected requirements identified in the State of Nevada Revised Statutes (NRS) including, but not limited to, NRS section 354.624 and section 354.6241.

The management of Henderson District Public Libraries is responsible for the District's compliance with all requirements identified above. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance with those requirements based on our audit and make specific statements regarding funds established and the status of prior year findings and recommendations; accordingly, we make the following statements:

The District has established a number of funds in accordance with NRS 354.624 as follows:

Funds whose balance is required to be used only for a specific purpose or carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year in any designated amount:

Capital project fund:
Capital Construction Fund
Debt Service Fund
Special revenue fund:
Contributions and Grants Fund

The District appears to be using the funds expressly for the purposes for which they were created and in accordance with NRS 354.624. The funds are being administered in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles and the reserves, as applicable, appear reasonable and necessary to carry out the purposes of the funds. Sources of revenues available and fund balances are reflected in the individual fund financial statements.

The statutory and regulatory requirements of the funds are as follows:

Capital Construction Fund Board resolution, NRS 354.6113

Debt Service Fund Board resolution
Contributions and Grant Fund Board resolution

The District had no statutory compliance findings from fiscal year 2018. We noted no new instances of noncompliance during the fiscal year.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the requirements referred to above occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, Henderson District Public Libraries' complied, in all material respects, with the requirements identified above for the year ended June 30, 2019.

The District has no funds to be reported pursuant to NRS 354.5989.

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of testing of the applicable compliance requirements identified in the Nevada Revised Statues (NRS) and the results of that testing based on state requirements. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

HintonBurdick, PLLC HintonBurdick, PLLC Mesquite, Nevada November 6, 2019

